# OVER TO YOU

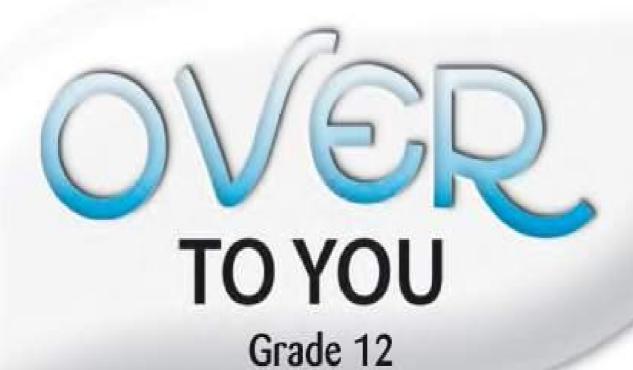
WORKBOOK

PEARSON Longman

SIMON HAINES

Grade





# Workbook

Simon Haines



#### Egyptian International Publishing Company - Longman

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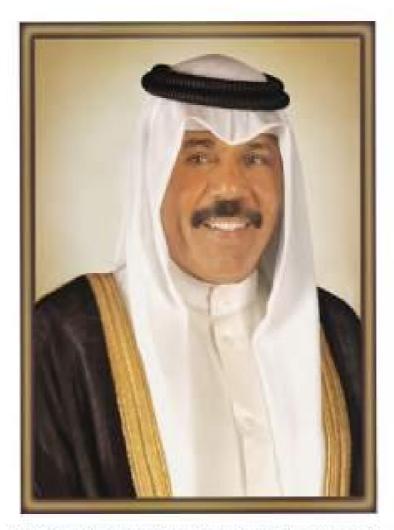
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1

#### MODULE 1: World issues

# The law



break into, fake, invisible, techno-criminal, worthless

48	
40	Daniel Inch
7	incatunity.

1 R	and New crimes and answer these questions.
3	What examples of old and new crimes does the writer give?
D	Why do criminals use the Internet to communicate with each other?

#### New crimes

An area of the law which is changing very quickly in the modern world is the law related to computer crime. Increasingly, criminals are using computers to help them commit new crimes, like identity theft, and to make it easier to commit old crimes, like theft or fraud. Technological criminals may get into

5 computer systems to find out confidential information and use this to make money. Unfortunately, computer crimes are often more difficult to solve than traditional crimes because the criminals are invisible and their actions may be impossible to prove. It can also be

10 difficult to prosecute a computer criminal successfully because usually nothing is actually physically stolen or damaged.

A particular factor in the growth of computer crime has been the increase in the number of ordinary people who use Internet

15 websites to buy things, to book holidays or to access their bank accounts in order to transfer money or pay bills. This new type of business has attracted techno-criminals who may order goods and services without paying, or break into the computer systems of businesses or financial organisations and either move money to their own account or send viruses which can seriously

20 damage computers and the information they contain. These viruses can affect millions of people worldwide.

Computers with Internet connections can also be used more safely by criminals than face-to-face meetings or telephone conversations to pass on confidential information or to plan crimes. In addition to this, computers

25 allow criminals access to millions of people worldwide who they may persuade to pay for something worthless or to support a fake charity organisation.

b	lead the article again and match each eginning a-d with one of the endings -5. You do not need to use one of the		are able to fabricate a or even get people to
et	ndings.	Answer the following	g questions.
0	The fact that actual things are not stolen by computer criminals	b What makes com	crime on the increase?  puter crime more han traditional crime?
2 3	prosecute them successfully.	Internet users fro	
- 5	safer than telephone conversations.	beginnings with the	r correct ending.
		information to a know more ab involved. b modify it to th c make money. The pronoun this a computers wit being used by b passing on cor or planning or c computers allo to millions of possive because	eir own advantage. in line 24 refers to h Internet connections criminals. nfidential information imes. wing criminals access eople worldwide. are very difficult to
	omplete these sentences with words or hrases from the article on page 4.	very profession b criminals are i c computers are	
t	which uses a person's information, usually for financial gain. It is difficult to indict computer criminals because	damaged. Over to you	
C		What laws need to be prevent computer	

#### The charge carries a maximum ..... anguage practice of ten years' imprisonment. Down Match each of the words a-d with TWO 2 Although ....., he has been of the meanings 1-8. sentenced to two years in prison. The man who ..... our house has property ..... been prosecuted. (2 words) court ..... fine \_\_\_\_\_ 6 The accountant of my dad's company row \_\_\_\_\_ turned out to be a complete ............ 8 Techno-criminals are hard to track noun - money paid as a punishment noun - line of seats, e.g. in a cinema or down because they are ........... classroom 3 noun – possessions of someone 4 noun – an argument 5 noun - place where people play tennis 4 or squash ь 2 6 noun - a building, a piece of land or both together noun - where a judge listens to evidence about crimes adjective - how to describe the weather 3 e when it is sunny with clear skies, cool 5 and dry 2 Use one of the words in 1a-d twice in each of these sentences. Not only did he lose the ..... that was his home but he couldn't recover his What would you say in the following stolen \_\_\_\_\_ either. b The ...... heard that the situations? crime had taken place on a tennis A policeman asked you to pull over because you have exceeded the maximum speed limit. of the cinema were having a terrible ..... - they couldn't agree where to sit. The ..... weather made me feel happy, but my mood changed when the Your brother has accessed some police officer gave me a ..... confidential information on the Internet. for driving too fast. 3 Complete the sentences with the appropriate word or words, then write Your sister wants to take her dog into the word in the following crossword the museum, although there is a sign puzzle. prohibiting it. Across. The strictness of this city's law keeps ..... every year. The police ......laws in a country.

The country's \_\_\_\_\_ law is derived

from European systems.

# Grammar assistant

## Present perfect (simple and continuous)

- Use the present perfect simple and present perfect continuous to link actions in the past with the present.
- He has spilt the milk he should clean it up.
   (He spilt the milk in the past it should be cleaned up now.)
- She's been crying for three hours now.
   (She started crying three hours ago and is still crying now.)
- 5 Look at these illustrations a-c. What has just happened? What have these people been doing? Write two sentences for each illustration, using the present perfect tense of the verbs below.



- b leave / research
  c eat / celebrate
- 6 Rewrite these sentences, correcting the verb tenses where necessary.
  - I didn't see my grandparents for a long time. The last time they have visited us was three weeks ago.
  - My headmaster is promising Fatima a scholarship last week.
  - Do you know that the law prohibited people from driving without a driving licence?
  - d This organisation is planning for this huge project for months.

7 De	as shown between brackets.	
а	Our school has spent a great amou	

Our school has spent a great amount of money on the renovation of our library. (Make passive)
Our city might build a big house for the homeless; the number of homeless people will decrease dramatically. (Join with if)
The old system was complicated; the new system is very simple. (Join with whereas)
The police have worked hard on this case. (Add a tag question)
Computer-based communication is extremely fast. Telephone or postal services are slow. (Join with in comparison with)

8 Corre	ect the	verb form	n to con	plete	these
conv	rensatio	ns.			

	last saw you?
В	1(pass) my driving
	test and I(have)
	interviews for a university place.
b A	(you ever do) a
	scientific experiment?
В.	Of course. In fact, my classmates
	and l (just carry out)
	an experiment with the help of
	our chemistry teacher. It
	(be) very helpful for understanding
	the lesson.
CA	(you ever break) the
	law in any way?

(you do) since I

# Expressing opinions in an essay

**(1** 

Read this student's essay and put the four paragraphs in the correct order.

a .....

Another result of people spending too much time at their computers is that their health suffers. Sitting for long periods of time can hurt their eyes, cause headaches or damage their hands and arms. In some cases this means that people cannot do their jobs properly.

b .....

In my opinion, the main disadvantage is that people may spend so much time on their computers that they see less of their friends and family. Children who spend too long playing computer games may become unsociable and forget how to communicate normally with other people.



c .....

There is no doubt that computers are

here to stay. Some jobs and many leisure activities would be impossible without them, but we should be aware of the possible dangers of spending too much time at our computers.

d.....

Today, more and more people in Kuwait are using computers for activities at home, at school or at work. Such is the demand that the government has launched a 'digital awareness programme' to train hundreds of thousands of employees in IT skills. Many people use computers at home too, writing letters, searching the Internet or just playing games. It is a great thing that Kuwait has embraced modern technology so successfully, but in this essay I am going to consider two disadvantages of computers.

2

2 What question was the essay writer answering? Choose A, B, C or D.

- A In what situations do you think computers are most useful?
- B What has been the impact of computers in Kuwait?
- C What problems or dangers are associated with using computers?
- D From your point of view, what are the advantages of computers?

3 Write an essay in answer to this question:

Do you think companies should allow their employees to use work computers for their own purposes?
Your reply should be 200-220 words long. Use some of the underlined phrases from the sample essay on the previous page.
***************************************
***************************************

# MODULE 1: World issues Migration

cy words instead, periodic, plenty of, swallow

# Reading

- You are going to read an article about why animals migrate at certain times of the year.

  Which is the best definition of the verb migrate?
  - move somewhere to find work
  - sleep during the winter
  - travel to live in a warmer place
- 2 Read the article and answer these questions.
  - Why do some animals migrate northwards in summer and southwards in winter?
  - How do animals know where to go when they migrate?

#### **Animal Migration**

Migration has captured the interest of humans for centuries.

Ancient civilisations had many myths to explain the periodic appearance and disappearance of great numbers of animals. For instance, they believed that tiny birds, called swallows, buried themselves in the mud at the bottom of lakes to get through the winter. Instead, scientists found out that swallows fly all the way from Europe to Africa and back in one year. Perhaps the truth was harder to believe than the myth.



- When we talk about animal migration we mean the movement of an animal from the place where it has been living to a different place and the return journey to that animal's original home. Most animal migrations are regular events which happen at certain times of the year. Animals usually migrate to find food or to raise their young.
  - Incredibly, most migrating animals follow the same route every year and from generation to generation. Land animals may cross mountains or rivers, while birds and insects travel very long distances, constitutes across continuous and occasion. Eich and other cas executives may migrate
- distances, sometimes across continents and oceans. Fish and other sea creatures may migrate halfway round the world. For example, the grey whale can travel as much as 20,000 kilometres.
  - Many animals migrate to northern regions during the summer, because the long summer days mean that there is always plenty of food. In the autumn, when the weather gets colder, many animals migrate south to find food and warmer weather. Some animals migrate every year,
- 20 doing the two journeys in one year, but others migrate only if they need to, for food or warm weather.
  - Many scientists think that animal migration is part of the process of adaptation. Those animals which have learned to move to find better environments are those which have survived by adapting to their situation. Nobody is quite sure, however, how animals know where to go when
- 25 they migrate. There are two theories: firstly, some experts believe that animals have a kind of 'compass' inside their head. Others have suggested that they may use the sun and stars to help them find their way.

Read the article again. Are these		© those (line 23)		
	statements True (T) or False (F)? Justi your answers.	d Others (line 26)		
	Migrating animals do not return to th			
	original homes.	then (line 27)		
	b Most animals migrate to escape from their enemies.	Tick the statement that can be inferred from the text.		
	C Many animals migrate at the same tin every year.	Animal migration is a problematic ne issue that scientists need to find solutions for.  b Animal migration is a natural		
	d Animals make the same journeys as their parents did.	process that has to happen so that animals keep surviving.  Some animals don't migrate because they can adapt to any		
	Many animals migrate to the south in the summer.			
	Lie Sammer	types of migration.		
	f Some scientists believe that migration has helped certain animals to survive.  Make a summary of paragraphs 2-4 of the text on page 10, expressing coherently what migration is, why			
	Find words in the text which mean	animals migrate, as well as how, when and where.		
	almost the same as	and where.		
	a something that people wrongly believe	(A)		
	to be true (paragraph 1)			
	b to manage to deal with a difficult			
	situation (paragraph 1)			
	© first(paragraph 2)			
	d a living thing / animal			
	(paragraph 3)			
	8 to remain alive(paragraph	5)		
	f to change in order to suit a different	***************************************		
	situation (paragraph 5)			
	g an idea or belief about something			
	(paragraph 5)			
	h a device for finding your way			
	(paragraph 5)			
	What do these words from the text ref	fer		
	Sot	6		
	a they (line 4)	Over to you		
		. 8 Do animals and people migrate for the		
	b which (line 11)	same reasons?		

# Language practice

2 Complete this paragraph about migration with the words from the box. There are two extra words.

foreign minor reside migration famine major migrated seek migrants obliterated

The word (1) ..... has acquired negative connotations. It is used to describe people escaping wars, (2) ..... poverty and natural disasters. Some people believe that (3) ..... enjoy welfare benefits, while making only (4) ..... contributions in return. However, many people leave secure homes and jobs for an uncertain life in (5) .....lands, where they (6) ..... a better understanding of people of different races and different faiths. That's certainly how Islam sees migration. And migration is of (7) ..... importance since the Islamic calendar, the Hijra, begins with the migration of the Prophet Mohammed, peace and blessings be upon Him, from Makkah to Madinah. From Islam's earliest days, Muslims have (8) ..... to distant lands, bringing with them learning, scholarship, culture and cuisine.

# Choose the correct words to complete these sentences.

- Some human activities are destroying / destruction the natural world.
- Unemployment is falling as more people find permanent / permanently work,
- Average earn / earnings are expected to double in the next ten years.
- d It has been a disaster / disastrous year for the tea industry.
- Storms caused damaged / damage to most of the crop.
- The civil / civilian war killed many ordinary people in Spain in the 1930s.

3 Complete the following sentences with words from the box, adding to them the correct prefix. There is one extra word and one extra prefix.

view stared	ratio prov	ral unance	surished	read	
dis-	pre-	mis	10-	multi-	

- Aisha knows a lot of French words, but she tends to \_\_\_\_\_\_ them.
- b Fahad was \_\_\_\_\_\_ with the service at the hotel. He should have complained to the manager.
- C It's a \_\_\_\_\_\_ organisation.

  Are you sure you've never heard of it?
- d Did you \_\_\_\_\_\_ your work before submitting it to the teacher?
- Peace and order were finally
   after the massive
  earthquake.

4 Complete the missing parts of this dialogue with one of the following expressions.

Fremeniber feeling that was thirty years ago What about your house. I'll never forget that day two days later—the first thing I did

Sami: Grandpa, have you lived in this city all

your life?

Grandpa: No, we haven't. We moved into this area in 1979. So (1) ......

A huge earthquake hit our city and everyone had to run away, leaving all their belongings. Your dad was at university by that time, and

(3) .......was to go and pick him up. (4) ......extremely worried that I might find the whole university destroyed. Fortunately, the earthquake didn't reach that area.

Sami: (5) .....?

Grandpa: Our house was badly damaged.

(6) ....., we moved into this house.

# Grammer assistant

Past perfect

 Use the past perfect to explain which of two past actions happened first.
 John took a taxi because the bus had gone.

gone. (The bus left so John was forced to take a taxi.)

 Use the past perfect to talk about a state, situation, feeling or action in the past.
 John had suffered from headaches throughout his childhood. (John

throughout his childhood. (John experienced headaches during the time when he was a child.)

Using the past simple or the past perfect form of the verbs in brackets, complete this story of a family who left England to live in Kuwait.

In 1975 my family (1) (emigrate) ..... from England by air. Eight hours later we (2) (arrive) ...... in Kuwait. My mother (3) (be) ..... worried about the plane journey as she is scared of flying. But there (4) (be) ...... no turbulence and she (5) (sleep) ..... during the trip. In Kuwait my family (6) (reside) .....in a lovely apartment, which was (7) (provide) .....by my father's new job. My father (8) (run) ..... an engineering firm that (9) (build) \_\_\_\_\_\_ skyscrapers. We (10) (go) \_\_\_\_\_ to an international school and (11) (attend) .....school with children from all over the world. At first, it (12) (6e) ..... difficult getting used to being away from home, but we (13) (all work) ......hard to fit in and the locals (14) (be) \_\_\_\_\_\_ very friendly. In 1986, my family and I (15) (return) .....to England, but I (16) (love) ...... my time in Kuwait, I (17) (learn) ......so much about an interesting culture and (18) (make) ...... so many good friends.

	atch a sentence from List A with another
	om List B, then complete the sentences
	th two verbs – one in the past simple and
	e other in the past perfect.
Li	st A
- 8	I went (go) to the doctor's this morning.
b	I (dream) of visiting China for many years.
¢	My sister and her husband
d	My father (retire) last year.
ė	I wasn't surprised that he(fall) asleep at the wheel of his car.
1	He (look for) work for only two
Li	st B
1	Before that they
2	He(drive) nearly
3	He(work) for the same company all his life.
4	Then yesterday he(be offered) two jobs.
5	during the night.
6	Last year I (spend) two months there.
R	write the sentences following the
	structions in brackets.
3	You've never lived outside Kuwait. (Add a question tag.)
b	Ahmed packed his bags as soon as he heard the news. (Make it passive.)
96	Mohammed should have waited for his aunt to pick him up. (Make it negative.)
d	Fadia had worked on the project all by herself. (Make it a question.)
4	Deforestation causes the migration of lots of animals. (Make it passive.)



### Describing a sequence of events in the past

Read this student's story and put the sentences in the correct order from 1 to 11.

#### A night to remember

- A Ten minutes later my bedroom window shattered with a terrible crash. .....
- B Immediately, I leapt out of bed and rushed to my brothers' bedroom to check that Khalid and Khalifa were all right. ......
- C I had gone to bed just after midnight and I was only half asleep when the wind started blowing. ......
- D Luckily, he had not been woken up by the noise of the wind and rain.
- E Next, Khalid and I went to check that our parents were okay. We knocked on their bedroom door.
- F No one was in the bedroom! That's when we heard Dad shouting outside: 'Can you help me with this?'.....
- G Our younger brother, Khalifa, was still sleeping peacefully.....
- H We hurried outside and saw Dad removing a huge tree branch from his car with the help of our neighbour. Mum was collecting the laundry from the line.
- When I went into their bedroom, I found Khalid staring out of the window, watching the storm......
- J There was no reply, so we opened the door and went in. ....
- K Khalid and I helped both of them. Eventually, the storm died down and we all went back to sleep, after cleaning up the broken glass.



- 2 Look at your complete version of the story and write the words or phrases which helped you to work out the correct order. These may be:
  - time or sequence words and phrases:
     ten minutes later

pronouns: he

				10000
-		******		
-				
-		********		
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		NV0.1403.160		7
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-				((*)

Write your own description of a sequence of events that happened in the past and in which you felt very scared / anxious / sad / excited. Write 200-220 words.
Fill in the graphic organiser below before writing your description.

Setting	Who:
Order of events	First,
End	End:
350555533	

3

#### MODULE 1: World issues

# Human values



aftermath, deploy, ethnicity, hardship, voluntary, vulnerable





- Why is the society's name important?
- b What are the aims of the Red Crescent Society?
- © Why do you think these actions are carried out by an NGO, rather than the government?

#### THE KUWAIT RED CRESCENT SOCIETY

The Kuwait Red Crescent Society is a voluntary humanitarian society that provides assistance to vulnerable people, without discrimination based on nationality, ethnicity, gender, race, colour or beliefs. The society is an independent organisation

5 that often works in conjunction with the government. As a recognised charity it works both within and outside Kuwait.



The aims of the KRCS are to protect and assist people in hardship, and in doing so, to ensure the provision and protection of basic human needs such as health care, water supplies and sustenance. The society is a manifestation of the great compassion and empathy that people are capable of.

The first meeting of the Kuwaiti Red Crescent Society was held in December 1965. In this meeting the basic organisational structure of the foundation was agreed upon. The Kuwaiti government approved the foundation of the KRCS, officially declaring the organisation a legal non-governmental organisation (NGO) on January 10<sup>th</sup>, 1966. This approval also allowed the

- 13 KRCS to become part of the international network of Red Crescent societies, thereby enabling them to work more effectively in conjunction with their sister bodies.
  - The KRCS depends on youth groups and volunteers to carry out many of its activities and programmes, particularly those related to fundraising. The volunteers support all the other committees by providing manpower and funds, without which the KRCS would be unable to operate. These volunteers are materially by some assists and the desire to assist others in
- 20 to operate. These volunteers are motivated by compassion and the desire to assist others in need. They work without the expectation of reward or praise and gain satisfaction from the knowledge that they have helped their fellow human beings.

After brief training periods, during which volunteers receive first aid training from the Ministry of Health, the volunteers are deployed wherever they are needed. Within Kuwait, their work

25 includes distributing food and aid to needy families and participating in awareness-raising activities in schools and universities. Outside Kuwait they provide basic health care assistance, and some even participate in rescue operations with specialist teams in the aftermath of natural disasters.

2	Read the article again and choose the correct words than you need.	word	for these definitions. There are more
	a unjust or prejudicial treatment, for example based on skin colour b seeking to promote human welfare c to generate financial support d to move something to where it is needed c to give someone a reason for doing somethi f the people available for work g a global system, often of businesses or organisations		1 manpower 2 volunteer 3 foundation 4 discrimination 5 committee 6 deploy 7 motivate 8 international network 9 humanitarian 10 fundraise
3	Make up sentences of your own using each of the words from Exercise 2 above.		re the following statements True (T) or alse (F)? Justify your answers.
		3	The KRCS was the first organisation of its kind.
			***************************************
		ь	The KRCS has a mutually beneficial relationship with the government of
			Kuwait.
			_
	9 (1927) 1 (2017) 651 1 D.C. (1937) 1 (1941) 1 (1952) 1 (1953) 1 (1953) 1 (1953) 1 (1953) 1 (1953)	C	The volunteers for KRCS are extremely
	Make a list of all the adverbs in the reading passage on page 16. Then use each one in a sentence of your own.		kind-hearted individuals.
		d	The only human needs are health care, water supplies and sustenance.
			***************************************
5	Write a paragraph that describes the ideal Red Crescent volunteer.	е	The KRCS is run entirely by volunteers.
		Ove	r to you
		K	Vould you want to volunteer for the (RCS or a similar organisation? Why or why not?

# Language practice

Complete these dialogues with the correct phrases from the box.

if my cousins arrive early 1 won't be able to breathe
make sure you phone me — we won't get there in time
you would have time for all your friends
if I had saved enough money — if it's raining hard
if you do up your tie — if you tell them to come later
if I wasn't so busy — if my phone's battery has power
I would go on holiday

В	1
10.00	
definitely will.	70.
b A	
	, I would
visit my friends e	
	you played fewer
computer games	
500000000000000000000000000000000000000	
c A	, you
should drive slov	dv.
B If I drive too slov	1.85.5
d A	, you'll
look much smart	er.
B But if I do it up t	oo much,
e A If1 were you,	
instead of stayin	<del>-</del>
B. 1 know	
I would have gor	e for sure.
f A I won't be able to	concentrate on
my studies	
B That's right, so .	
you'll have more	time to study.

2 Replace the underlined parts of the sentences with the appropriate idiom using cry. There is one extra idiom.

> be a crybaby—a crying shame to cry for the moon—to cry out load to cry wolf

V.	to cry wat
a	It's an upsetting event that they hadn't bought insurance before the crash.
	***************************************
Ь	Don't <u>act like an upset child</u> . Cheer up and stop complaining.
0.3	He always acts like he has big problem to gain attention but he is just <u>making</u> things up unnecessarily.
d	the standard of his work he's asking fo
	the impossible.
	se some of the words and phrases in th
bo e e	se some of the words and phrases in the extra complete the sentences below.  buse anthropologist apparent attribute compassion discrimination donate infranchisement ethnographer extravagant frail impulse incapable nevitable legislation minority overview
bo e e	se some of the words and phrases in the sentences below.  buse anthropologist apparent attribute compassion discrimination donate infranchisement ethnographer extravagant frail impulse incapable
bo e e	se some of the words and phrases in the sentences below.  buse anthropologist apparent attribute compassion discrimination donate intranchisement ethnographer extravagant frail impulse incapable nevitable legislation minority overview over the hill universal suffrage.  My grandmother is so
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be a se se a	be some of the words and phrases in the complete the sentences below.  buse anthropologist apparent attribute ompassion discrimination donate infranchisement ethnographer extravagant frail impulse incapable nevitable legislation minority overview over the hill universal soffrage.  My grandmother is so that she can only walk very short distances.  Hessa didn't plan to purchase

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		Unit 3: Human values
5	W	rite your own if sentences using the
	a	today / I go to the mall / not go shopping next week.
	b	we not slow down / crash
	C	you see my friend / tell him / call me
	d	you eat too much / get fat
	8	snows heavily / school cancelled for day
	f	you not do homework / teacher angry
,	of	nange the words below into adverbs manner. Then use these adverbs to mplete the sentences.  danger gentle skill profession impolitimess rapid compassion
	L	peace spectacular regular
	0	I don't like him since he spoke to my friend. He needs to learn some manners.
	b	The football team played
	C	I don't like him since he spoketo my friend. He needs to learn some manners. The football team played The mother rocked the baby, which was sleeping
	124	The man cracked

because he was driving .....

The ambulance responded

He acted very .....

he volunteered to do charity work

acted ...

..... and the paramedics

1 Read the advert asking for volunteers for the KRCS, then answer these questions.

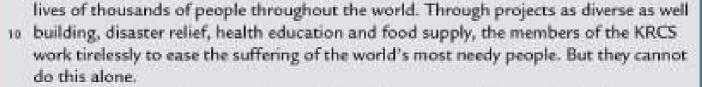
a	Despite being an advert for volunteers, it hardly mentions the fact that these people are needed. Why is this?
b	Why is the structure 'From feeding hungry children throughout the Middle East,' used?

# **KRCS**

#### COMPASSIONATE VOLUNTEERS NEEDED

Sometimes, the modern world feels like a place without humanity. Natural disasters, war, disease; all these things take a toll on human life and happiness. We do not believe this needs to be so.

From feeding hungry children in famine - stricken Africa to lending a helping hand to struggling families throughout the Middle East, the Kuwait Red Crescent Society is just one part of a global network dedicated to improving and protecting the



KRCS relies upon the compassion and financial support of thousands of volunteers and donors to continue its important mission. Without these kind-hearted people we could help no one. Our volunteers work countless unpaid hours to raise awareness and funds, to provide services to old people, hospital patients, disaster victims and anyone else in need.

Most of our volunteers don't talk about their work. They don't expect any compensation for their tireless efforts. For them, the chance to help others, to restore the smile to a child's face, and to change someone's life for the better, is the real reward.

If you think you could help the KRCS, whether through donating a small portion of your income or donating your free time, please come and see us this weekend at our offices in Kuwait City.

	What words or phrases does the writer use to gain the reader's attention and create compassion?
)	What words does the writer use to describe volunteers and the members of the KRCS?  Can you think of any others that could be used?
	In the last paragraph, why does the writer use the phrase 'donating your free time'?
ıd	vert for volunteers. It could be for the KRCS, for a specific humanitarian project, or
d	vert for volunteers. It could be for the KRCS, for a specific humanitarian project, or ferent charity of your own choosing. Your advert should be about 200–220 words l
ıd	ow, using the words and phrases you identified in exercise 2, plan and write your ow vert for volunteers. It could be for the KRCS, for a specific humanitarian project, or ferent charity of your own choosing. Your advert should be about 200–220 words be
ıd	vert for volunteers. It could be for the KRCS, for a specific humanitarian project, or ferent charity of your own choosing. Your advert should be about 200–220 words l
ıd	vert for volunteers. It could be for the KRCS, for a specific humanitarian project, or ferent charity of your own choosing. Your advert should be about 200–220 words is
ıd	vert for volunteers. It could be for the KRCS, for a specific humanitarian project, or ferent charity of your own choosing. Your advert should be about 200–220 words I
ıd	vert for volunteers. It could be for the KRCS, for a specific humanitarian project, or ferent charity of your own choosing. Your advert should be about 200–220 words l
d	vert for volunteers. It could be for the KRCS, for a specific humanitarian project, or ferent charity of your own choosing. Your advert should be about 200–220 words in the second seco
ıd	vert for volunteers. It could be for the KRCS, for a specific humanitarian project, or ferent charity of your own choosing. Your advert should be about 200–220 words I

# Progress test 1

# Reading

Complete the article below by correcting or ticking the verbs in bold.

	Who are the economic migrants?
	In 2003, 410,000 non-British citizens
	were coming (1) to live in
	the UK and 100,000 British people had
5	returned (2) to their home
	country from Spain, Australia and other
	countries where they had gone to live
	and work (3) In the same
	period, 170,000 non-British citizens left
10	the UK to live in other countries, 190,000
	British people also left (4)
	This means a total increase of 150,000 in
	the British population, but where did all
	these immigrants came (5)
15	from and go (6)to?
	Many new arrivals were economic migrants
	- people who come
	(7) because they can have
	earned (8) more money
20	in Britain than in their own country.
-20	Traditionally, many of these migrants used
	to come from countries in Africa or Asia.
	but now growing numbers are from poor
	countries of Eastern Europe, like Poland,
25	Hungary or Russia. Many new migrants
10-10	took (9)
	low-paid jobs that British people do not
	want to do, like cleaning, picking fruit and
	vegetables, looking after old people or
400	doing (10) repetitive factory
30	work. A minority come to do well-paid jobs.
	like dentists or doctors. Many of these
	migrants do not intend to stay in Britain,
	and sent (11) some of their earnings to families at home. But even
35	
	though they earned (12)
	higher wages than they would in their
	own countries, most economic migrants
	can (13)

40	sh mi	ly afford to live a simple life. Some are accommodation with another grant family. British citizens who live the UK to live abroad went (14)
45	co	armer climates and cheaper houses, untries like Spain, Greece, France or rtugal.
79	De.	ad the article again. Are these
4		atements True (T) or False (F)? Justify
		ur answers.
		The British population had decreased
	171	by the beginning of the third
		millennium.
	b	Some immigrants came to Britain
		to fight poverty.
	C	British citizens mainly left the UK to
		find more job opportunities.
3	Ch	loose the correct answer.
5	-0.11	Many economic migrants intend to
	200	1 stay in Britain indefinitely.
		2 return home when conditions
		improve.
		3 keep looking for better countries to
		20 to
	b	The best definition of an economic
		migrant is
		1 a person who travels to another
		country to work in the financial sector.
		2 a person who keeps travelling back
		and forth to solve an economic

crisis.

fixing.

3 a person who travels to another

country to improve their standard of

- C The word 'migrants' in line 33 refers to
  - 1 dentists or doctors.
  - 2 the minority of the migrants.
  - 3 all the migrants to Britain.

## 4 Read the article again. Choose the correct words or phrases in these sentences.

- In 2003, more / fewer people in total came to live in Britain than left Britain to live in other countries.
- More / Fewer British people arrived in Britain than left Britain.
- Economic migrants earn more / less money in their home countries than in Britain.
- d More and more migrants are arriving from Eastern Europe / Africa.
- Most migrants who come to Britain do high-paid / low-paid work.
- Despite earning better / worse wages than they would in their own countries, most migrants have simple / privileged lifestyles.

# 5 Write sentences using the cues given.

- 8 I want chocolate ice-cream. Not chocolate. (instead of)
- I like football. My friend likes tennis. (whereas)
- I'm good at maths. I'm better at English. (but)

# 6 Choose the correct colour words in this text.

The authorities have just given the (1) (blue / green) light for the building of a new airport. The news has come out of the (2) (black / blue), shocking many villagers. The thought of a new airport near their homes has made many of them see (3) (black / red).

Unfortunately the plans have already been prepared – I've seen them in (4) (black / white) and (5) (black / white).

Read the letter below carefully. Decide which lines have mistakes. If there are one or more mistakes write out the correct spelling, correct word or missing word next to the line. If the line is correct then (✓). Mistakes include omitted words, spelling errors and incorrect words.

I am writing to your paper regarding the lack tourists to our town.	
I believe that we do'nt enough to tell people from other	
places how delightful our town is. Certainly, if tourists only new about	
how wonderful and delightful our town is they would flock here.	
Therefore, I believe it is are duty to tell the world about our fantastic	
town. There are several ways we could about this, Firstly, I think it is	J
the responsibility of all locals to tell as many people as passable	
about our town. Secondly, I believe town council should organise	
an international advertising campaign to retract tourists.	j
Whilst it may expensive to begin with, such a campaign	
would bring a much needed baste to the local economy.	

# 8 Match sentences 1-5 to the people who say them,

9 10 11

- security guard in a mall ---- 2 You're not allowed to park here.
- director of a school ---- 3 I find Mr Smith not guilty.
- d manager at work ----- 4 Can I check your bag, please?
- judge ---- 5 Please bring a note from your parents after every time you've been absent.

# Writing A letter giving recommendations

- Write a letter to a local newspaper making recommendations which might help to solve ONE of these problems.
- There are very few public places in your town where people can go to keep fit.
- Very few tourists come to your town because they know nothing about it.

Follow this paragraph plan.

- 1 Say why you are writing the letter and briefly describe the problem you have chosen.
- 2 Make your main recommendation.
- 3 Make a second recommendation.
- 4 Conclude the letter, saying what you hope will happen next.

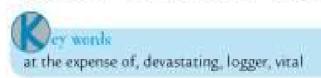
Write-200-220 words.
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	1 - 1		Last Park
1.	Look at the outcomes on page 11 of How did you find:	the at	district make control (according to the second)
	listening to a talk and a description?		
	recalling an important event?	I E	
	scanning for specific information? presenting ideas and suggestions?		
	writing an essay?		
2.	Was the reading in this module		
	easy? difficult?	34	term on any or so are
	interesting? not interesting?	5.	Was the vocabulary in this module
	What was your favourite passage in		easy? difficult?
	this module?		
3.	this module?		Are there any words or sounds that have difficulty with?
3.	Was the listening in this module easy? difficult?	36	have difficulty with?
3.	Was the listening in this module easy? difficult? interesting? not interesting?	6.	have difficulty with? Write your result from your Progres
3.	Was the listening in this module easy? difficult? the interesting? the not interesting? What was your favourite passage in	6.	Write your result from your Progres
	Was the listening in this module easy? difficult? the interesting? the not interesting? What was your favourite passage in this module?	6.	Write your result from your Progres
3. 4.	Was the listening in this module easy? difficult?  interesting? not interesting? What was your favourite passage in this module? Was the writing in this module	6.	Write your result from your Progres
	Was the listening in this module easy? difficult?  interesting? not interesting? What was your favourite passage in this module? Was the writing in this module easy? difficult?	6.	Write your result from your Progres test
3. 4.	Was the listening in this module easy? difficult? interesting? not interesting? What was your favourite passage in this module? Was the writing in this module easy? difficult? What did you do to plan your	<b>6.</b>	have difficulty with?
	Was the listening in this module easy? difficult?  interesting? not interesting? What was your favourite passage in this module? Was the writing in this module easy? difficult?	7.	Write your result from your Progres test

4

#### MODULE 2: Natural world

# The Earth at risk



# Reading

Be	fore you read the article about South American rainforests, try to answer this question
No	te the title "Feeding chickens is destroying the climate." What does it suggest to you?
*****	
As	you read the article, find the answers to these questions.
3	How many different groups of people live in the South American rainforests?
b	What are most soya beans used for?
¢:	Why are the rainforests being destroyed? (four reasons are given)
	**************************************

# Feeding chickens is destroying the climate

The rainforest of the Amazon region of Brazil in South America covers five per cent of the world's land surface and is home to at least 30 per cent of the world's animals and plants. The area is also the home of 220,000 people from about 180 different tribes who live in the forest. The rainforest itself is an important environment but, because of its size and location, it also

- 5 plays a vital role in controlling the world's climate. It does this by taking in carbon dioxide and turning it into fresh air.
  - Recently, however, large areas of the Amazon rainforest have been cut down to make more land for farmers. In the last three years, for example, 70,000 square kilometres have been destroyed this is the same as six football pitches every minute. Much of this destruction,
- 10 which leaves the land dry and dusty, is illegal.
  Farmers use most of the new land to grow soya beans, which they export to other parts of the world to be used as animal food. Millions of chickens in Western European countries are fed on South American soya beans. Increasingly, some soya beans are also being turned into food for human consumption; many vegetarian foods are based on soya beans.
- Other areas of the rainforest are cleared by ranchers who use the land for their cattle, by loggers who sell the valuable tropical hardwood from the trees they cut down, or by oil companies who are trying to find more oil. These activities help to improve the economy of the region, but at the expense of the future of the global environment.
- 20 In addition to destroying ancient forests and changing the world's climate, deforestation is having a devastating effect on the native populations, who are dependent on the rainforest for everything they need, from food and tools to medicines and shelter.

3	Read the article again and match each beginning a-f with one of the endings 1-7. You do not need to use one of the	3 The cutting down of trees has positive effects on a the environment. b the population.
	endings.	□ the economy.
	Nearly a third of the world's animals and plants	<ul> <li>In your opinion, the Amazon rainforest</li> <li>a should be completely destroyed because such a large area could be more useful for industrial developments.</li> <li>b should be left as it naturally is because man doesn't have the right to destroy what he hasn't created or invented.</li> <li>c should have no population living in it so that it would be protected carefully.</li> </ul>
	need.	5 Find the words in the text which mean
4	<ol> <li> cut down trees because their wood is worth a lot of money.</li> <li> live in the Amazon rainforest.</li> <li> consume soya beans.</li> <li> cut down trees and use the land for their cattle.</li> <li> the Earth's climate.</li> </ol> Complete each of the four sentence	a against the law (paragraph 2)
	beginnings with their correct ending.	particular job (paragraph 5)
1	The Amazon rainforest is very important to the world climate because  a it isn't environmentally polluted by man. b it turns carbon dioxide into fresh air. c it is home to 30 per cent of the world's plants.	Make a summary of the text on page 26 by writing one sentence for each paragraph.
3		24 En 2600 E ERBORGO 2000 MAIS ERBOLANGE MAN 600 GROOG FORTS ERBORG
	The trees in the Amazon rainforest are being cut down	
	for growing soya beans and for cattle.	***************************************
	b for growing soya beans and for building houses.	
	© for cattle and for industry.	Over to your

7 How does man affect the environment

negatively?

# Language practice

1 Complete the paragraph about climate change with the words from the box below. There is one extra word.

permanently amount occurring killed off Consequently increasingly with the result that after have resulted.

There is a scientific agreement on climate change that human activity is the main explanation for the



(1) \_\_\_\_\_ rapid changes in the world's climate. (2) ....., international debates have largely shifted onto ways to reduce human impact and adapt to change that is already naturally (3) ...... Humanity's largest influence on local climate is likely to (4) ..... from land use. Irrigation, deforestation and agriculture fundamentally change the environment. For example, they change the (5) ..... of water going into and out of a given location. They also influence the ground cover and (6) ..... the amount of sunlight that is absorbed. For example, there is evidence to suggest that the climate of Greece and other Mediterranean countries was (7) ......changed by widespread deforestation between 700 BC and 1 AD, (8) .....the modern climate in the region is significantly hotter and drier.

2 Complete these sentences with the correct form of verbs from the list.

mismanage mishear damage oversleep redo cover re-use undercharge

- b I did my homework too quickly, so the teacher asked me to ......it.

		me, i aiways teil them and
		pay the correct money.
	d	I this morning because I
		worked very late last night.
	e	You should as many
	1.75	things as possible instead of throwing
		them away.
	2	PRODUCTION STORMS
	f	Deserts nowhuge
		amounts of previously fertile land.
	8	Human actions have the
	=	Earth.
	h	This company couldn't face
		competition for long because it was
		competition for long because it was
3	Co	omplete these sentences with the
		rrect form of the words below.
	34.44	rections of the stores
	200	momy displace vital devastate
180	in e	ain consumption global illegal
	14.4	
	8.	logging is putting the
		rainforest at risk.
	b	
	.00	It is that our environment
		is protected.
	C	Rapid of raw materials
		has aimpact on our
		world.
	d	50.00000
	-10	It is time to think big. Environmental
		issues are a problem.
	0	Sometimes local benefit
		to the detriment of the environment.
	f	Indigenous people areby
		the destruction of the rainforest.
	-	SSEE 200 SEE
	8	These people have been
		by the rainforest for generations.
A	7	omplete the sentences with the
6.		
		propriate word, then write the word in
	th	e following crossword puzzle.
	A	cross
	H	We can't breathe in this dusty
		vve can e breathe in this dusty
	22	
	3	It was aJanuary night
		when we got stuck in the snow.
	5	The drought has caused the farmers'
		lands to become
		mands to statement accesses i

If I realise that a shop assistant has

D	lown						
2	The a	gricu	ltura	deve	lapn	nent a	f a
	count						
4	expar						he
	world	l.		00000			
6	A a high atmo	i leve	Lofv			mark ur in I	
1 a				I			
						h	
		3	f	1			
							I

Join the following sentences using conjunctions such as because, in addition to, so that and in order to.

The Amazon rainforest has an important effect on the climate of the world. It covers such a large area.

b	The rainforest has been cut down. Make more farmland.
c	Farmers need more land. They can grow more soya beans.
ď	Deforestation is changing the world climate. It is affecting the native population of the Amazon rainforest.
е	Environmentalists are doing their best They want to protect the Amazon rainforest.
	omplete the following sentences with e correct relative pronoun.
8	He's a man opinion l respect.
b	The guidebookwe bought has been very helpful.
0	I can't rememberI borrowed that book from the library.
d	Do you know

# Chemmer assistent

Mohammed works for?

## Subordinate clauses of purpose and result

My brother doesn't tell anyone he puts his diary.

• To introduce explanations use in order to + infinitive, because + clause, to + infinitive. You need to pay in order to get in. I need a drink because I am feeling thirsty. Farmers use machinery to harvest their crops.

 To link actions with results use so that + clause, to be the cause of, with the result that + clause, to lead to.

I closed the window so that the wind couldn't get in.

Lack of vitamins is the cause of his illness.



- We are gathered here today to discuss the importance of preserving our natural resources; an issue which is not receiving the attention it deserves.
- Let me start with a quotation by Pinchot, who says, "Conservation means the greatest good to the greatest number for the longest time."
- I believe that what he's trying to say is, ...
- Believe it or not, recent statistics have shown that, ...
- Are you aware of what that really means?...
- . Our world is in serious danger and needs the help of each and every one of us, ...
- We are responsible for the destruction of our natural world, ...
- Consequently, we should ...
- In addition, we are accountable for, ...
- And therefore, we all share the responsibility to protect and conserve our natural world, ...
- Why don't we start by recognising that we all are involved in this process, individual by individual? Why don't we, ...
- A small amount of cooperation from each one of you will provide a chance for our natural world to breathe again, ...
- In conclusion, I wish you, ...
   Thank you.

2	The writer of	this speech	uses many	techniques i	n order to	persuade	his audien	ce.
	Extract from	the speech:						

8	introductory phrases which get the audience involved
	***************************************
Ь	repetition of structures
C	linking words and expressions
	<i></i>

	30, and present it to the class. 0-220 words.	
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# 5

#### MODULE 2: Natural world

## Precious resources



## Reading

Œ1	Before you	read the ar	ticle, what	do vou	think pa	per is	made of?

2 Are you and your family aware of the need to recycle paper? If yes, how? If no, why not?

### Read the article. Then, match words and from the article with their meanings 1-4.

- a fibre ......
- 1 a person who is concerned with the protection of the environment
- b environmentalist ......
- 2 extremely small quantity of paper, wood, cloth, etc.

considerable

3 a portion; an amount

d proportion

4 large in amount

#### Paper: new from old

The first paper was made from cloth nearly two thousand years ago in China. Although paper can be made from all kinds of materials, such as cotton fibres, grass and sugar cane, these days wood pulp is the material most commonly used to make 'new paper' – paper which contains no old or recycled paper.

The modern world uses so much paper that environmentalists have persuaded us that we should recycle old paper as well as making new

persuaded us that we should recycle old paper as well as making new paper. There is considerable awareness in Kuwait of the need to recycle waste, including paper. As a wealthy and modern state, Kuwait is a major user of paper, but is looking to address this to by building recycling centres, with one partnership between a major private company and a

university being an example of this.

Although we use wood pulp from trees to make new paper, it is not entirely true that recycling paper saves trees. Trees are a commercially grown long-term crop, so that when they are cut down, new ones are planted. Also, papermakers use the parts of trees that cannot be used in other industries such as building and form wood trees industries such as building and form wood.

15 other industries such as building and furniture making. Nearly all new paper is made from wood grown in sustainable forests.

Here are some of the facts related to producing recycled paper:

- A large proportion of household waste is paper or cardboard. About half of this is newspapers and magazines.
- For every tonne of paper used for recycling, we save 30,000 litres of water, 3000-4000 kwh
  of electricity, and produce 95% less air pollution.
  - Recycling paper is less harmful to the environment than burying it in landfill sites. This is because if paper is buried in the ground it rots and produces methane which is a powerful greenhouse gas.
- 25 Despite our increasing dependence on information stored on computers, there will always be a demand for paper. In the interests of our environment, we have to make sure that we continue to recycle as much of it as possible.

Read the article on page : statements True (T) or Fa		Complete these sentences with information from the article.
your answers.		a The Chinese
a All paper is made from	wood,	
b We should recycle old p and stop making new p	1/2/10/2014 1 THE	b Sugar cane
© Recycling paper saves t	trees.	C The building and furniture industries cannot
d Most household waste or cardboard.		d 30,000 litres of water
Read the article again and these sentences with work from this list. You do not	ds or phrases	e Methane is
of the words or phrases.	need to use two	8 Choose the correct alternative:
air pollution - greenh household waste - tonne sustainable forests - en	e materials	1 The material most commonly used for making paper is a cotton fibres.
a Cotton fibres, grass an some of the	that can r. paper are grown	b grass and sugar cane. c wood pulp. The word this on line 9 refers to a paper. b Kuwait being a major user of paper. c Kuwait being a wealthy and modern
new trees are planted to which are cut down. © About 50% of the pape inis	er and cardboard	state.  3 Another suitable title for this article is a Recycling in Kuwait.  b A study of paper recycling.
newspapers and magaz d Burying paper in landfi more damage to the than recycling it.	ill sites does	Make a summary of the three facts mentioned in the article about recycled paper. Write them as briefly as possible.
e Using one paper saves 3000-4000 electricity.		•
Answer the following que	stions about the	•
article on page 32.  a What proof does the art show Kuwait's great intere paper?		•
b Do you know of any pro being planned for recycling in the area where you live?	ojects g	10 What other materials could be recycled in Kuwait?

## Language practice

 Complete these conversations with one of these colour adjectives. You need to use one word twice.

pink blue black red

A How was your meeting with the director? I bet you didn't like him!

B Actually, I did. In fact, he's not as \_\_\_\_\_ as you painted him.

b A Have you heard the news this morning?

A The government is building a new airport.

C A I just waved to a total stranger, thinking he was Omar.

B Really? What did you do then?

A I simply apologised to the man. I went as ...... as a beet root!

d A How's your grandmother? Has she recovered?

e A How's my son doing in maths, Mr Ahmed?

B To be honest, I always explain the lesson until I'm .....in the face, but Fahad never listens!

Rewrite these sentences using the threepart phrasal verbs in brackets.

The Internet has enabled us to communicate with people all around the world. (reach out to)

 Environmentalists are working hard to find new ways of saving energy. (come up with)

C If this project doesn't work, we'll just have to use our original plan. (fall back an)

d My journey to work gets worse every day. I don't think I can stand it much longer. (put up with)

It's almost impossible for people to learn about all the new developments in computer technology. (keep up with)

I thought that working from home was a good idea, but I'm meeting all kinds of practical problems. (come up against)

## Grammar-assistant

#### Wish ...

 We use wish + past simple to talk about dissatisfactions with the present or impossible conditions.

I wish I had my coat with me. (I don't have my coat.)

I wish I could run faster: (I run slowly and would like to run faster.)

I wish I was twice as tall. (This is an impossibility.)

 We use wish + would to make complaints about other people

I wish you would stop shouting.

 We use wish + past perfect to talk about wishes about the past.

Now she wishes she had gone to university.

Rewrite these sentences using the verb wish and the words in brackets. You can use wish + would, wish + could, wish + past simple or wish + past perfect.

You waste too much paper. (stop wasting paper)

I wish you'd atop was ting paper.

 My sister spends too long talking on the phone. (spend so long)

 I'm very shy about speaking in public. (not so shy)

d She wasted too much time on computer games, (so much time)

 Newspapers and magazines contain too many adverts. (not so many)

I wasn't paying attention in class, and now I can't do my homework. (listen to my teacher)

Circle the correct word to complete the following sentences.	For the first year she (7) (suffered / has suffered) from culture shock and (8) (wanted / has wanted) to go home, but
1 Our neighbourstheir household waste in a barrel in the backyard.  a cut down on b incinerate	she (9) (quickly learned / has quickly learned) the language and (10) (made / has made) new friends and now she feels at home there.
2 The	Complete these conversations using the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Choose the present perfect simple or present perfect continuous.  A How do you find your new house? B Well, we(come up
3 You need to	against) many problems since the day we came here.  A Really? Like what?  B We(be without) water for five days and no one knows why.
Rewrite the sentences following the clues in brackets.	<ul> <li>b A What are you doing in this club?</li> <li>B Don't you know? I</li></ul>
Hussein and Ahmed are equally good at maths. (as as)	effectively?  B To tell you the truth, I
b Fahad spends his free time in a more effective way than I do. (effectively)  C Our teacher has given us a lot of	C A I
homework lately. (Make it passive.)	8 What would you say in the following situations?
d Our old book was not as interesting as our new one. (less)	a You regret not applying to this university.
Choose the correct verb form to complete these sentences.	<ul> <li>You are giving your classmates a means of reducing the use of landfill sites. (recycling)</li> </ul>
Anna (1) (arrived / has arrived) in England from Poland seven years ago. Since then she (2) (worked / has worked) as a bus driver. She (3) (went / has been) back to Poland several times to see her family, but she (4) (never wanted / has never wanted) to stay there. When she (5) (first arrived / has first arrived)	You're complaining about people not respecting the environment.
in Britain, she (6) (didn't imagine / hasn't imagined) she would settle there.	(35

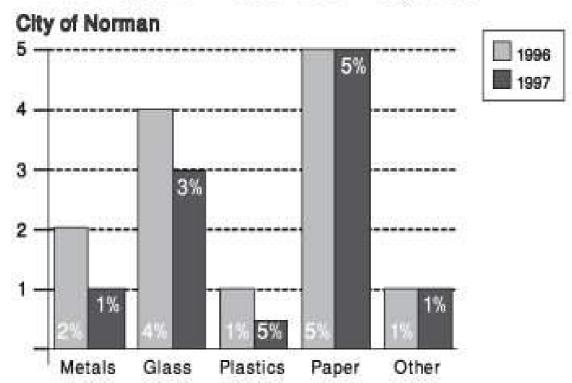
# Writing a report based on statistics



1 Look at the bar chart and answer these questions.

- Which materials were recycled the most and which were recycled the least?
- © What is the general trend between 1996 and 1997? .....
- d What materials maintained the same level of recycling? \_\_\_\_\_
- Write a heading for each of the four paragraphs A-D of the report with the following labels: Introduction, Conclusion, Recommendations and Key facts.
- f Suggest a recommendation based on the results of the chart, other than the one mentioned in the report.

## Percentage of Materials Recycled



A -----

This report studies the percentage of materials recycled in the city of Norman in the years 1996 and 1997.

#### B .....

- 2% of all metals were recycled in 1996 and 1% in 1997.
- 4% of glass was recycled in 1996 and 3% in 1997.
- 1% of plastics were recycled in 1996 and 0.5% in 1997.
- 5% of paper was recycled in 1996 and in 1997.
- 1% of other materials were recycled in 1996 and in 1997.

The figures show that the percentage of materials which were recycled has decreased in 1997. It's a bad sign, proving that people are losing their enthusiasm for recycling.

With reference to the results of this bar chart, environmentalists should use awareness - raising campaigns in order to highlight the importance of recycling.

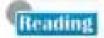
Unit 5: Precious resources 2 Use the Internet to research information about recycling in a city of your choice. Draw a bar chart and write a report based on your research, following the same steps as on page 36. Don't forget to divide your report into four paragraphs: Introduction Key facts Conclusion Recommendations

6

#### MODULE 2: Natural world

## Under threat







- What types of plants are you familiar with? What's your favourite?
- b Why and how do you think some plants can be harmful?
- 2 As you read the article, choose the most suitable title.
  - How plants attack insects
  - b How plants kill their enemies:
  - E How plants protect themselves from their enemies



Chame



Acacia



Horse Chestnut



Martin



Nightshade



Venus flytrap

It may seem very strange, but plants are always in danger from animals which want to feed on them. If this happens, the plant can be damaged or even killed. So, because their roots, trunks, leaves, flowers, fruits and seeds are under constant attack from mammals, insects and birds, plants have developed ways of protecting themselves from these enemies. Here are some of the ways plants stop animals from attacking and eating them.

Sharp thorns and stings

Some plants which grow in dry climates, for example cactuses, store large quantities of water in their stems. To protect themselves, they have sharp thoms. Animals will hurt themselves if they try to get to the water from these plants. Other plants, like stinging nettles, can 'inject' painful or irritating substances into their enemies by means of the sharp hairs on their leaves. Poison

10 There are many plants which protect themselves by poisoning their enemies. In some cases the poison they contain is so powerful that it can kill any living thing which touches or eats them. The poison can be in the leaves, the seeds or berries, and other parts of the plants. Insects

Some acacia trees in hot African countries are protected by ants which live permanently on their branches. If an animal starts to eat the tree's leaves, the ants attack it.

Sticky gum

15 Some plants, such as horse chestnut trees, are covered with a sticky substance like wet paint which can prevent insects from eating them. Sometimes this substance is so strong that insects' feet or wings get stuck and they cannot escape.

Carnivorous plants

The most incredible plants of all are 'carnivorous' plants like the famous Venus flytrap, which actually catch and consume insects which land on them.

3	Match the sentence beginnings 1-5 with
	their correct ending.

- The two plants which are said to grow in hot, dry climates are
  - 3 cactuses and Venus flytraps...
  - b acacia trees and horse chestnuts.
  - c cactuses and acacia trees.
- 2 The phrase these enemies in line 4 refers to
  - a roots, trunks, leaves, flowers, fruits and seeds.
  - b mammals, insects and birds,
  - c other plants.
- 3 A trunk is
  - a the small hard part of a plant from which a new plant can grow.
  - b the sharp pointed part of a plant.
  - C the main part or large stem of a tree.
- 4 A unique characteristic of cactuses is that
  - 3 they don't need water to survive.
  - b they are the only plants which have thoms.
  - C they store large amounts of water in their stems.
- 5 The word which in paragraph 5, line 16 refers to
  - # sticky substance.
  - b horse chestnut trees.
  - 0 wet paint.
- 4 Complete the following table with the necessary information from the text on page 38.

Type of plant	protects itself with / by

5	Answer the following questions.  Which of the pictures on page 38 is not mentioned in the text? Do you know anything about it?
	b Which plant do you think has the best chance of surviving animal attacks? Why?
	************
	C How do you think plants can be
	beneficial to human beings?
6	Using your notes in exercise 4, make
85	a summary of the types of plants and
	the different ways in which they protect
	themselves.
	The Part of the Pa
	***************************************
	·
FO	er to you
244	AND ALLES
(7	It has been observed that plants
	promote thinking and creativity.  Discuss.

## Language practice

- 1 Choose the correct phrases to complete these sentences.
  - a Aubergines grow on plants / under the ground.
  - b Tea grows on trees / on bushes.
  - C Dates grow on the ground / on trees.
  - d Potatoes grow on the ground / under the ground.
- Choose the correct preposition to complete these sentences.
  - Cactuses are dependent (of/on) their thorns for protection.
  - b The Venus flytrap is famous (for / with) being able to catch insects. This makes it different (for / from) most ordinary plants.
  - Pive always been interested (for / in) plants and trees, but I'm not keen (in / on) insects.
  - My Encyclopaedia of Nature is full (from / of) interesting facts about plants.
- Write sentences to explain these situations, using the words in brackets.
  - The phone is ringing. It's probably your brother; he usually rings at this time. (It might ...)
    If might be not brother - he usually rings at.

If might be may brother - he equally rims at this time.

- b Someone's ringing our bell. You're sure it's the postman; he always comes at this time. (It must ...)
- There's an important football match in your town tonight. You think the roads will probably be very busy. (The roads might...)

d Your friend said she would phone you, but she hasn't. You are sure she has not forgotten. (She con't...)

forgotten. (She can't ...)



	A POST CONTRACTOR
6	Someone waves to you from a car. It looks like your friend's car. (It might
f	Your sister has worked very hard. You feel sure that she has got good grade in her exams. (She must)
g	You hear a car approaching, but you know it isn't your uncle's car because doesn't have the same sound.  (It can't)
h	A new building is going up in your neighbourhood. You think it is proba a school. (They might)
	omplete the sentences with one of th
	omplete the sentences with one of the innectors in the box.
	omplete the sentences with one of the
	although despite but unlike  most plants which lose their leaves in autumn, an evergreen plant keeps its leaves over
8	although despite but unlike  most plants which lose their leaves in autumn, an evergreen plant keeps its leaves over winter.  Some plants,
8	although despite but unlike  most plants which lose their leaves in autumn, an evergreen plant keeps its leaves over winter.  Some plants,
a b	although despite but unlike  most plants which lose their leaves in autumn, an evergreen plant keeps its leaves over winter.  Some plants,
a b c	although despite but unlike  most plants which lose their leaves in autumn, an evergreen plant keeps its leaves over winter.  Some plants, being short and low to the ground, take two years to complete their life cycle.  Some plants only bear leaves and flowers once, then they die, a perennial is a plant that bears leaves and perhaps flowers every year.
a b	although despite but unlike  most plants which lose their leaves in autumn, an evergreen plant keeps its leaves over winter.  Some plants,

transportation of water.

Write questions to the following a	nswers. What would you say in the following
a	situations?
I've been working on this project five hours continuously.	for a You are enquiring on the phone about the date of your entrance exam at university.
l've read three books by George	
C	Lines.
I go to the library twice a week.	b You are advising your colleague not to work too hard.
Well, my brother is now taller th	an me.
l've made some good progress la	arely
Read these sentences. All of them	ha / she veks his / her brother for help
at least one incorrect spelling, mis	
word or punctuation error. Write	
corrected sentences underneath.	d You're telling your friend politely that you can't stay for dinner because you've
<ul> <li>Plants are continually under attac animals and insects, Because of</li> </ul>	No. (2) Control of the second
they have developed ways of def	endin
themselves and ensuring there so	
	Match sentences are to their function.
	There are two extra functions.
b Some plants cover themselves w	a i ili sorry to have to say tills, but your
sticky substance; this help to pre- predators from eating them.	event b Perhaps he needs some time off work.
precacors from eating them.	C If it were up to me, I'd take a holiday
	instead of staying at home all this time
	What can I do for you?
<ul> <li>Have you ever tried to pick flowe</li> </ul>	T and
found that the sharp thornes ma impossible! These thorns are pa	loame?
the plants sophisticated defense	system
	1 Stating a preference
	2 Asking for information
	o One ing neip
J 54 J 5 5 7	
d Plants have ways of protecting	5 Guessing
themselves from manny differen	
threats. Not only do cactuses ha	COLUMN TO THE CONTRACT OF THE COLUMN TO THE
spikes to ward off enemies, they	
store water to ensure their in the	harsh
dry conditions of the desert.	
= 12 10 to 100 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120	
	September 1



Read this essay on the pros and cons of land reclamation. Is the writer of the essay for or against land reclamation?

#### The arguments for and against land reclamation



Many governments have started to take land from the sea or from marshes in order to create farmland, housing, resorts and even shopping centres. This process

- s is known as land reclamation. Such schemes are popular because they create idyllic settings, such as the Palm Islands in UAE, and are amazing engineering achievements. However, some people
- believe taking land from the sea is wrong and actually has an adverse effect on the world. In this composition, I will discuss some of the arguments for and against land reclamation.
- 15 I will start by considering two arguments in favour of land reclamation. First of all, many people view land reclamation as a vital procedure for continuing human development. There are many places in the world where the population exceeds the ability of the land to sustain it. In these places, taking land from the sea alleviates issues such as overcrowding and sanitation and increases human contentment. Secondly, some countries are unable to produce enough food to feed their populations. Therefore, governments take the decision to drain swamp and marshland in an attempt to create new agricultural areas. This process alleviates hunger and has other positive effects, such as helping to reduce populations of disease-spreading insects like mosquitoes.
- I will now move on to the arguments against land reclamation. The main objection to
  reclaiming land is that it disrupts local environments. The damage that can occur, for example
  to coral reefs and other underwater habitats, has profound effects upon the oceans. There
  are many threatened species that rely on rare habitats, or which only live in one area, and any
  changes to their surroundings can have devastating consequences. Even land reclamation
  projects that drain swamps can adversely affect species such as rare migratory birds.
- Personally, I do not have strong feelings about land reclamation. I believe that such procedures can help to alleviate problems in cities and improve our quality of life, but I also think it is wrong to unnaturally alter and destroy eco-systems simply so people have a pleasant place in which to live, shop or visit.

essay with a conside		
essay with  a conside b overcro c alleviate d objectio c develop f content g sustain		
essay with  a conside b overcro c alleviate d objectio c develop f content g sustain		
b overcro c alleviate d objectio c develop f content g sustain		rmal language. Match these formal words and phrases from the ere are more meanings than you need.
c alleviate d objection c develop f content g sustain	r	1 argument against
d objection develop for content g sustain	wding	2 too many things or people in one area
develop content g sustain		3 derogatory comment
f content g sustain  Write your	on	4 progress and growth
f content g sustain		5 a state of happiness
Write your	Prof. Contraction and account of the second	6 see / watch
		7 make less severe
		B examine and discuss
		9 support and provide for
Follow this 1 Introduc 2 Argumer 3 Argumer 4 Conclusi	paragraph plan: tion outlining the iss its for its against on, including your o	Wallace-1996 Acc.
writer of th	e essay above. Refer	to the list you made in exercise 2.
***************************************		
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# Progress test 2

## Reading



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### Greenhouse gases: good or bad?

We usually think that greenhouse gases are harmful, but without these gases the climate of the Earth would be like the climate of Mars: (1) ...... cold for human beings to survive. Greenhouse gases, which include carbon dioxide and methane, keep the heat of the sun in and prevent our planet (2) ...... freezing. However, (3) ..... the last 200 years people have (4) ...... using enormous quantities of fossil fuels like coal, gas and oil. When these fuels are burnt, they produce large amounts of carbon dicode and (5) ...... keeps more of the sun's heat in. The result is that the temperature of the Earth (6) ..... rising year by year. This is leading (7) ...... more extreme weather: high winds and heavy rain which produce storms and flooding. The problem is made worse by the fact that we are destroying the world's rainforests. Trees naturally consume carbon dioxide, but (8) ..... there are fewer trees, more carbon dioxide is released into the atmosphere. Because (9) ..... the increase in the Earth's temperature, the ice at the north and south poles is melting, and this is causing sea. levels to rise. Eventually, many areas of land which are now (10) ..... the coast will (11) \_\_\_\_\_ flooded. Leading scientists are warning that (12) ..... the authorities don't introduce new laws to reduce greenhouse. gas increases now, the results could be disastrous for life on Earth.

2	Read the article again. Are these
5	tatements True (T) or False (F)? Justify
)	our answers.
2	Without greenhouse gases human beings couldn't live on Earth.
ŧ	Human beings have been using fossil fuels for more than two hundred years.
ç	The temperature of the Earth is increasing because the sun is getting hotter.
9	Flooding is an example of extreme weather.
9	Trees and forests produce greenhouse gases like carbon dioxide.
f	Sea levels will rise if the ice at the poles melts.
8	Scientists want every individual on Earth to take immediate action.
3	Thouse the right answer.  The main idea of the text is:
	Greenhouse gases are harmful.     Using fossil fuels affects the temperature of the Earth.
	3 People are destroying a lot of trees. 4 Even though greenhouse gases are needed on Earth, their increase may lead to a catastrophe.
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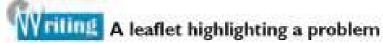
Complete sentences a-d with the following words.

Construction of the Constr	100011100001111000	
because	in order to	so that

- In the future, sea levels will rise the polar ice is melting.
- People are cutting down forests
   have more land for growing food.
- Scientists are worried about climate change ...... it is a threat to life on Earth.
- d Scientists are trying to produce new fuels \_\_\_\_\_\_ people can continue to use their cars without damaging the environment.
- 2 Choose the correct modal verb in these conversations.
  - A When are you next in town?
    - B I may be / must be coming next month. If I do, I'll let you know.
  - A I've looked everywhere for the letter I wrote to my uncle.
    - B Don't worry if it's not here, you can't have posted / must have posted it.
  - A You might be / must be exhausted.
     You've been working very hard recently.
    - B 1'm all right, thanks.
  - d A I've tried to contact Alia, but she isn't at home.
    - B You never know she might have forgotten / can't have forgotten the meeting.
- 3 Complete these sentences about Kuwait City using the active or passive forms of the verbs in brackets. Verbs may be present or past.
  - a Kuwait City ...... (locate) on the Arabian Gulf and is the capital city of Kuwait.

- b It is quite an old city. It was first
  .....(settle) in the 18th
  century by many families including
  the Al-Sabah family, who are the rulers
  of Kuwait.
- c They ...... (finish) the first city wall by 1760.

- 4 Choose the correct words in these sentences.
  - a If you are very lucky, you may see the Ciant Panda in its natural display / habitat.
  - b Most of Africa has a very hot, dry climate / weather.
  - C Some plants grow well here even though the dust / soil is poor and it hardly ever rains.
  - d Jaber doesn't want a permanent / temporary job; he wants a serious career as an engineer.
  - We must do something about climate change to protect / survive our way of life.
  - f We thought the restaurant bill was too high. We were right; the waiter had overcharged / undercharged us.
  - g I'm not going to throw my mobile phone away. I'm going to send it to another country where it can be misused / re-used.
  - h Farmers graze / greys their animals on grassland.
  - Desertification can lead to renditions / conditions which produce strong winds and treacherous wildfires.





1 Write a leaflet detailing the problem of climate change and suggesting two or three ways in which ordinary people can reduce the amount of energy they use.

Follow these guidelines:

1 Use a headline or a slogan which will attract people's attention.  2 Use bullet points (•) and punctuation (! ?).
3 Don't use too many words.
***************************************
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***************************************

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250		10050115	
1,,	Look at the outcomes on page 33 of	the St	tudent's Book.
	How did you find:	444	state with an unful committee an immersion?
	listening to a talk and a description? giving explanations and experiences? talking about cause and effect? reading for gist and detailed information? giving opinions and making decisions? presenting ideas and suggestions? writing an account?		
2.	Was the reading in this module easy? difficult? the interesting? the not interesting? What was your favourite passage in this module?	5.	Was the vocabulary in this module easy?  difficult?  Are there any words or sounds that you have difficulty with?
3.	Was the listening in this module easy? difficult? the interesting? the not interesting? What was your favourite passage in this module?	6.	Write your result from your Progress test
	Was the writing in this module		What do you need to revise?
4.	easy? difficult? What did you do to plan your	7.	Was the grammar in this module

Using the structures below, write a brief paragraph giving advice on how to prevent climate change. Then explain how following your advice will help. Use points you made in exercise 1

# 7

### MODULE 3: Lifestyles

## Long lives



chronic, deprived of, drowsy, genetic make-up, restful, shallow

## Reading

- Complete the following questionnaire about your sleeping habits and discuss good sleeping habits.
  - What time do you go to sleep on school nights?
    - I around 8 p.m.
    - b around 9 p.m.
    - c past 10 p.m.
  - 2 Why do you go to bed at a particular time?
    - because you want to get enough sleep for the following day's activities
    - b because it fits best with the family schedule
    - © because you feel sleepy
  - 3 What time do you wake up on school days?
    - before 6 a.m.
    - b between 6 a.m. and 7 a.m.
    - E between 7 a.m. and 8 a.m.
  - 4 What usually wakes you up on school days?
    - alarm clock
    - b parent or other family member
    - C noise
  - 5 What time do you sleep on weekend nights?
    - after 8 p.m.
    - b after 9 p.m.
    - E after 10 p.m.
  - 6 What time do you wake up on weekend days?
    - before 8 a.m.
    - around 9 a m.
    - c after 10 a.m.

2 Complete the table below with the actual times that you wake up and go to sleep over a period of seven days. Then write a paragraph comparing your findings with the answers you gave in the questionnaire in exercise 1.

	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
Wake up							
Go to sleep							

Compare your table with those of three other students. How similar or different are your sleeping habits?

### Why is sleep important?

- 1 How much sleep do you need each night? Are you getting enough sleep? What is the importance of sleep? The rest of this article will give some useful information and advice.
- 2 Exactly how much sleep we need depends on several factors, including our age, our daily routine, the quality of our sleep and our genetic make-up.
  - We know that most adults need about 8 hours' sleep a day, but this number can vary greatly: "short sleepers" may need only 5 hours, whereas "long sleepers" may need 9-10 hours. Babies need about 16 hours a day while many teenagers need an average of 9 hours.
- 3 How do we know if we are getting enough sleep? In general, if you feel drowsy during the day, you need more sleep. You may think that you are sleeping for long enough, but these are some of the signs that you may need more:
  - you cannot concentrate at school or at work;

<ul> <li>y</li> </ul>	SU.	find	it	difficult	to	get	up	in	the
mor	ni	ngs;							

- you are moody or irritable;
- · you have memory problems.
- So why is it important that we get enough sleep? According to the National Sleep Foundation (NSF), sleep is essential for a person's health and wellbeing. First, sleep helps the brain retain new information in one's memory. In studies, people who had slept after learning a task did better on tests later. Second, people who are deprived of sleep might gain weight because their bodies would process and store carbohydrates and alter levels of hormones that affect their appetite. Third, sleep loss contributes to a greater tendency to fall asleep during the daytime. These lapses may cause falls and mistakes such as medical errors, air traffic mishaps and road accidents. Finally, chronic sleep deprivation alters the immune system, including the activity of the body's killer cells.
- 5 How we sleep also affects us. When we fall asleep, our sleep can be deep and restful or light and shallow. Shallow sleepers awake still feeling tired, while deep sleepers wake up refreshed.
- 3 Read the article on pages 48-49 and match these headings with the paragraphs they relate to. There are two headings you do not need to use.

A	The effects of lack of sleep	000000000
211	일하다 첫 사이 그는 그리고 하다 하다 그리고 있다.	

B How to stay awake while driving .......

C Different kinds of sleep .....

D The value of sleep

E Overtions to sek yourself

E Questions to ask yourself .......

F Sleeping positions

 G Different individuals have different needs

Read the article again and complete these sentences with a word or phrase.

Ь	It is
	who seem to need the least sleep. (2 words)
c	People who do not get enough sleep may find it difficult to at school or work. (1 word)
d	Sleep deprivation may cause weight gain by altering
	(2 words)
е	Your immune
	system would be
	affected if you were
	sleep. (2 words)
5 L	ook at the article again. Are these
The state of the s	atements True (T) or False (F)? Justify
	our answers.
3	The article gives information but no advice.
b	We do not all need the same amount of sleep.
C	
	and where we live.
d	), (E.O.C. 2017), (A.O.C. 2017), (A.O.C. 2017), (A.O.C. 2017)
	probably need more sleep.
е	[11] [11] [2] 전 1시 시간 이번 보고 말아 보면하고 있는데 선택하고 하고 있는데 말했다. 다.
	sleep per night.

6 Find the following verbs in the article on pages 48-49 and make nouns from them.

verb	noun
a. need	***************************************
b. give	
c. know	
d. feel	
e. think	
f. concentrate	
g. cause	
h. alter	

Over to you

7 How does sleep affect your lifestyle?

## Language practice

- Choose the correct word to complete the following sentences.
  - We should make up for / do without the time we wasted waiting for the museum to open.
  - b The victims should be treated with compassion / affection; they're human beings after all.
  - It is with much guidance / admiration that I dedicate this book to my dear friend, Ahmed.
  - d He found his duties increasingly onerous / fatal but he could handle them.
  - E It is integral / imperative that we meet the deadline for presenting our research paper.
  - The only geriatrician / geriatric hospital in town has been opened recently.
- 2 These sentences all use phrasal verbs. However, there are some mistakes within each sentence. Correct the mistakes and rewrite the sentences, underlining the phrasal verb.

8	Your room absolutely full of rubbish. You must tidy it up before your cousin arrives.
Ь	There is a serius shortage of sugar at the moment. You will have to do without it in your coffee.
С	You have really offended your friend. To make up for it you shud apologise and buy her some flowers.

	port the questions and answers in
th	ese short conversations.
ā	Boushra: What are you doing at the weekend?
	Sabika: I'm going out with my parents.
	Bousbra asked Sabika what she was doing at the weekend. Sabika said / replied (that) she was soing out with her parents.
ь	Boushra: Where are you going?
	Sabika: We're going to visit our cousins
	in the next town.
C	Naif: Can you take me to the airport tomorrow?
	Nawwaf: What time do you have to be
	there?
	Naif: My plane leaves at four o'clock in the afternoon.
d	Hessa: Did you enjoy your holiday?
	Noura: Yes, it was very relaxing.
	Hessa: When did you get back?
	Noura: Very late last night. Our plane was delayed.
e	Faisal: Have you seen my briefcase?
	Anwar: No, I haven't. When did you last have it?
	Faisal: I brought it home from work vesterday, but I haven't seen it since.

			H	i	i	
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		į				ı
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	Ŀ	į				
	9		۰			-

a	She asked me if I'd got the time. Have you get the time!
b	He said he'd slept for ten hours the previous night.
C	Amal asked her mother if she could go out with her friends.
d	Khaled asked whether Omar wanted to go swimming with him.
e	Israa said she was enjoying her new job
f	Mariam asked her friend if she would like to go shopping the following day.
<b>5</b> C	ombine the following sentences into
or	ne sentence using both and and.
3	I have maths homework. I have English homework.
b	Turki plays football. Hamza plays football.
C	Turki plays football. Turki plays basketball. Hamza plays football. Hamza plays basketball.
d	The maths teacher was pleased with my homework. The English teacher was pleased with my homework.
	omplete the dialogue between a doctor id an elderly patient using the words ad phrases below.

100
d
XI.
ge
77%
n.

Many countries are doing what they

poverty and hunger.

can to do away with / do away without



(1

Paragraphs A-C are the first paragraphs of three articles. Match each paragraph with the most suitable title and one of the illustrations.

#### Titles

Go on this diet if you want to stay fit Exercise you'll enjoy Keep moving to keep fit Thinking is good for you Enjoy your food and stay healthy

A .....

Are you getting enough exercise? Most people these days agree that regular exercise is an important part of a healthy lifestyle, especially for people who spend most of their time at work sitting in offices. Some people find exercise boring so they make excuses to avoid doing it but, in this article, I am going to suggest a few types of exercise which everyone will find enjoyable.

В .....

How healthy is your diet? In the modern world experts frequently tell us that what we eat affects how healthy we are and how long we live. But most people like food and want to eat the things they enjoy. In this article I am going to suggest how you can eat the food you enjoy and still have a healthy diet.

C .....

One of the factors which affect how long people live and how much they enjoy their old age is "brain activity". Scientists have shown that people who keep their brains busy tend to live long, happy lives compared with those who do not. In this article I am going to suggest some interesting and enjoyable ways in which you can keep your brain active.







You are going to finish one of the three articles A-C. Decide which article you are going to finish. Here are some points you could make in each.
A join a gym / take up a new sport / walk somewhere different every day
B eat a different fruit every day / eat less sugar and fat / drink more water
C do puzzles or quizzes / read more books / study a subject on the Internet
Write an outline for the article you have chosen, then finish your article using about 220 words of your own. Write three more paragraphs including your own ideas or the ideas above. The last paragraph should be a conclusion. Make what you write interesting to people of all ages.
3-4

8

#### MODULE 3: Lifestyles

## Town and country



contentment, crown jewel, demarcation, skyline, vertical village

### Reading

Defore reading the article, Silk City, match these words a-f with their meanings 1-8. There are two extra meanings.

- crown jewel ...... 1 to separate or distinguish
- b inception ...... 2 the outline of buildings defined against the horizon
- © demarcate ....... 3 the infrastructure of a city
  - traverse ...... 4 carefully and precisely
- - skyline ...... 6 the process of designing something
    - 7 a prized asset or achievement
    - 8 to travel across or through
- 2 Read the article and answer these questions.

  - b How will the population of Madinat Al-Hareer be kept happy?
  - The time are population of maximum for marcon are reprinciply.
  - What is exceptional about Burj Mubarak Al-Kabir?

## Silk City

Madinat Al-Hareer, otherwise known as Silk City, is an innovative solution to the problems facing Kuwait. This \$130 billion project will result in the construction of a new city, combining residential, financial and commercial districts. Taking its name from the ancient silk routes that traversed Kuwait, the ultimate aim of the project is to establish

- 5 Kuwait's status as a commercial hub of the world, whilst providing habitation and a desirable lifestyle for the proposed city's 700,000 residents. The city will also create around 450,000 new jobs.
  - The city, which is to be built in Subiya, north of Kuwait City, will be a unique city because its layout has been completely and meticulously planned from its inception. In this way,
- its growth will be less 'organic' than other cities, which often add housing and businesses as needed, but will benefit from clear demarcations between residential, financial, commercial, and leisure areas. The design is not simply about creating new living places, but creating an architectural space that induces contentment and well-being. The city is going to be built with its residents in mind and features large expanses of greenery along
- 15 with all the normal amenities people in the modern world have become accustomed to. In fact, to guarantee the residents' happiness, the city is designed so that you will never be more than three blocks away from a garden or water.

The crown jewel of Madinat Al-Hareer will be the Burj Mubarak Al-Kabir. This tower, which will stand at 1001 metres and 200 storeys high, will house the equivalent of seven

"vertical villages". This imposing construction will dominate the skyline, and is just one example of the ways in which modern engineering allows designers to overcome the constraints of limited land.

3	Use	the	wo	nds in	the b	ox ta	ken	from
	the	artic	le t	o con	nplete	the f	follo	wing
	Sent	enc	250					

innovative	habitation	crawn Jewel
resident	ial financial	amendies

- a The ...... area is where people live.
- b Banks and other similar institutions can be found in the ......sector.
- © The local \_\_\_\_\_\_include parks, swimming pools and other leisure areas.
- d Despite being in constant use, the building showed little sign of
- The new transport system is extremely modern and ......
  - f The new tower will be the ...... of this huge city.

#### 4 Choose the correct answer with reference to the article.

- Which of these statements about Silk City are NOT true?
  - Every aspect of Silk City has been designed and thought out carefully.
  - 2 The city will house 700,000 people.
  - 3 The only aim of the city is to establish Kuwait as a major commercial hub.
- b Which of these statements about Silk City is true?
  - Water and plant life are used to create a pleasant environment.
  - 2 The 'inorganic' design of the city will be oppressive.
  - 3 Residential, financial and commercial buildings are combined in each sector.

- What is the best definition of 'organic' as used in the text?
  - 1 something related to, or derived from, living matter
  - 2 characterised by continuous and natural development
  - 3 a description of food produced without the use of pesticides and unnatural fertilisers
- d What is the best definition of 'vertical villages'?
  - 1 the equivalent of several residential areas within a tall building
  - 2 the equivalent of several villages aligned
  - 3 the equivalent of several villages on an upward slope

5	ook back at the article on page 54.
	ummarise the differences between Silk lity and other modern cities. Use bullet
P	points.
18	
8=1	
-	
-	
25	
-	

### Over to you

6 How do you think cities like Silk City will change the way we live?

Complete this paragraph with the correct form of noise words and phrases below.	c I tidied my office the other day and found all kinds of <u>different things</u> on my desk.
There are more words and phrases than you need.	d He's never had any formal training. He learnt by trying things out and seeing
bump into densely plack up the courage disturbance metropolis far and wide glamour hub hustle and bustle spot tranquil whereas  After searching (1)	what happened.  We're having a big celebration next week, so we're inviting all our family and close friends.
for a suitable apartment I finally found one in the (2)	Replace the word in bold with an
(3) of city life.  It's (4) populated around here, but there is rarely any real  (5) If things get	appropriate word related to it. Then, see if the relative pronoun within the sentence is correct. Rewrite the sentences.
too much, there is a quiet  (6)just around  the corner where I can go and relax. It's incredibly beautiful and	The city, who is very pollute, is home to over 250,000 people.
(7) I even (8) an old friend there.	b The park, which I play football, is fame throughout the country.
2 Rewrite these sentences replacing the underlined phrases with one of the phrases in the box. There is one extra phrase.	The actor, where I went to school with, obviously gained great enjoy from his profession.
trial and error — chalk and cheese nearest and dearest — odds and ends pick and choose — rough and ready	d I'll always memory the day who I started school.
Graduates with first-class degrees can often select exactly the jobs they want.	What would you say in the following situations? Write full sentences.
b I've never understood how they are still friends. They are like two completely different things.	a You are moving to a new area and saying goodbye to some friends.

0	house which you don't like.		residential areas. (while)
(d)	A decorator has painted your living room the wrong colour.		Kuwait City was established in the eighteenth century. (in comparison with)
th	omplete these sentences with one of sese comparing or contrasting words or brases. Use each word or phrase once.		The Burj Mubarak Al-Kabir will dominate the skyline of Silk City. (like)
	instead of in comparison with whereas however	1	Silk City will be the most modern.
3	Seoul in South Korea, Warsaw, the capital of Poland, is quite a small city. Seoul has a population of over 10 million people, Warsaw has only 2 million.	3	Silk City will separate these sectors. The Kuwaiti Towers tower above Kuwai City. Silk City will have a population of 750,000.
b	I've decided to learn Chinese	5 6	Kuwait City emerged organically. Silk City, is going to be built in the 21st century.  ite inverted and non-inverted.
M	latch sentences a-f with the		tences using the cues below.
Ье	orresponding second sentences 1-6  elow. Then, write new sentences using the word or phrase in brackets.  Silk City is being meticulously planned prior to its construction. (whereas) (5) Silk City is being methodously planned prior for its construction, whereas Kewalf City.		never been / annoyed / lost mobile phone Never have I been as approved as when I lest no neebile phone I have rever been as approved as when I lest no neabile abone no sooner / finished dinner / doorbell
b	enserted organically.  Kuwait City is the largest city in Kuwait.		
	(but)	c	little expect / library / see my friend
C	Kuwait City has a population of about 150,000. (whereas)	ar	
		a	rarely / excited / team won



### 1 Match these descriptions A-C with the correct illustrations 1-3.

- A This architect-designed house has two storeys and is located in a village two kilometres from the sea. It has tiled roofs which provide shady areas on both the ground floor and first floor. The house is surrounded by a colourful garden which has been well looked after. The property overlooks a luxurious swimming pool.
- B This two-storey, modern house is situated on the outskirts of a medium-sized town. It is surrounded by a large garden with a lawn, trees, shrubs and hedges. It has a flat roof and there are balconies outside the first - floor windows. It is painted white and there are no other houses nearby.
- C This modern two-storey building is located in a residential area in the suburbs of a large city. It has a small garden with recently planted trees and shrubs. The property is surrounded by a low wall which separates it from a quiet street. The house has a flat roof and is painted a bright yellow colour.



## 2 Read the descriptions again and complete the table.

	Descriptions of location	Adjectives to describe building and garden	Nouns for parts of building	Nouns for natural features
A				
В				
C				

Imagine you are advertising three buildings in a magazine. They could include the building you live in, your school, or famous buildings you know. Use the descriptions in exercise 1 as models and include the following:
the location of the building
the appearance of the outside of the building
<ul> <li>information about any natural features near the building</li> </ul>
Use words and phrases like those you listed in exercise 2.
Write 60-80 words for each description.
-1, unit-2 control to 60% (1, unit file of 60% (1, unit file of 60% (1, unit file of 60%) (1, unit file of 60% (1, unit file of 60%)
. 12. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.

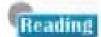
9

### MODULE 3: Lifestyles

## New ways and old



contemporary, craftsman, in parallel, platform, pottery, promote, seamlessly, socialise



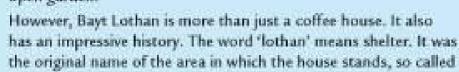


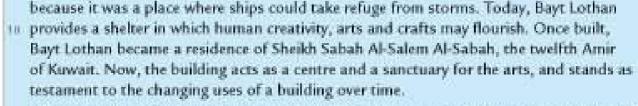
- Do you know anything about Bayt Lothan? If not, what can you infer from the title?
- b Do you know of any other old buildings serving new purposes?

### Bayt Lothan: an old house serving new purposes

Just Lorban

Located in Salmiyah, several kilometres south of the centre of Kuwait City, Bayt Lothan, or the house of shelter, is one of Kuwait's best known traditional coffee houses. Every day, people gather there to drink coffee, eat food and socialise in the tranquil open garden.





Covering over 4000 square metres, Bayt Lothan also houses an impressive art gallery and a successful community centre, which specialises in teaching art in both traditional and modern forms. Much of the space within the site has been transformed into workshops for arts, crafts and design. The site also provides a platform for artists and craftsmen to exhibit and promote their designs and artistic works. Workshops and lessons are held in the centre, with subjects as diverse as jewellery design and clay pottery being taught. The new and old mix seamlessly in these sessions, as contemporary photography is taught in parallel with Arabic calligraphy and manuscript decoration.

The directorship of the Bayt Lothan project also reflects the history of the site and the changes that have occurred over time. The project is now directed and managed by Sheikh Sabah Al-Salem Al-Sabah's daughter, Sheikha Amal Sabah Al-Salem Al-Sabah.

25 There are also many events held at the centre, such as exhibitions of new Kuwaiti artists, and it's always great to go and see what's happening in Kuwait's burgeoning art scene. You can also take classes to learn new skills yourself. Who knows, one day you might end up with your own exhibition at Bayt Lothan!

- 2 Match these words with their meanings. You may need to check your ideas in a dictionary or in the glossary at the end of the Student's Book. There are more answers than you need.
  - a seamlessly ......b burgeoning
  - C contemporary .....
  - d clay
  - a colling
  - e calligraphy ......
  - I directorship ......
  - g pottery
  - h manuscript
  - craftsman
  - 1 substance that is used to change the colour of something
  - 2 beginning to grow or increasing rapidly
  - 3 having a special ability or talent
  - 4 book or text written by hand
  - 5 soft material used for making plates, cups, bowls, etc.
  - 6 the craft of producing objects such as plates, bowls, vases, etc.
  - 7 maker of decorative or useful things (usually by hand)
  - 8 decorative handwriting
  - 9 position held by the person responsible for running various aspects of a company
  - 10 a figurative expression to show things working well together
  - 11 belonging to or occurring in the present



- 3 Read the article again and answer these questions.
  - a Which of these statements about Bayt Lothan is NOT true?
    - 1 Bayt Lothan holds exhibitions for painters.
    - 2 Bayt Lothan is now a training centre for arts and crafts.
    - 3 Bayt Lothan was originally a shelter for ships.
  - b Which of these is not mentioned in the text?
    - The original purpose of Bayt Lothan.
    - Artists who have worked at Bayt Lothan.
    - 3 Things to do at Bayt Lothan.
  - Which of these statements could be inferred from the text?
    - The art classes are extremely diverse and enjoyable.
    - 2 The coffee shop isn't worth visiting.
    - 3 Bayt Lothan costs money to join.

ŀ	In a few sentences, summarise the
	changes of usage that have occurred at
	Bayt Lothan and its surroundings. Use
	information from the text.

### Over to you

5 Is it better to reuse old buildings, or build entirely new ones that perfectly suit a community's needs?

## Language practice

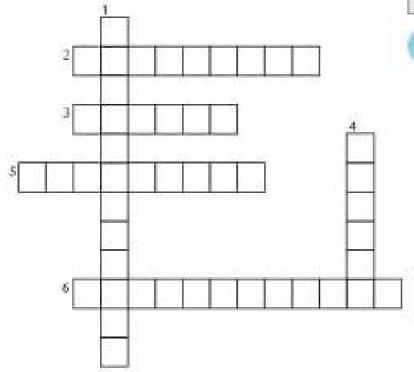
1 Complete the sentences with the missing words, then use them to fill the crossword puzzle. Remember, answers in crosswords don't usually include spaces or punctuation.

#### Across

- 3 Both my parents are professionals. We're a \_\_\_\_\_\_- class family.
- 6 Items made in large quantities are

#### Down

- 4 No one else has a car like this. It's



2 Complete these sentences using the correct form of these idioms. There is one extra idiom.

to call the shots—to be neck and neck to toe the line—below par—just not cricket

- She isn't working well with others and doesn't follow the instructions.
  She needs to learn \_\_\_\_\_\_\_
- b Your homework is \_\_\_\_\_\_ I'd like you to do it again.
- C You should do what the manager says.

  He's the one who .......

### Grammer-eaststent

#### Causative verbs

- Causative verbs can be used to show how an action was arranged.
- To form the causative use the verb have + object + past participle.
   She's had her dress altered.
   They had their car fixed by the mechanic.
- 3 Complete these sentences using the correct form of having something done. You may also have to think of a verb.
  - I couldn't repair my computer myself.
     I had to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by a computer expert.
  - We didn't build our own house. We ......by a local construction company.
  - C People don't service their cars themselves; they \_\_\_\_\_\_ professionally two or three times a year.
  - d Do you like this photograph of our family? We \_\_\_\_\_\_by a local photographer.

Use the expressions in the box to complete the dialogue below.

we walked everywhere
people have less respect these days wow
and most people didn't have a telephone
compared to when I was a lad
if you wanted to see your friends
I didn't mean you
for one

Granddad: The world's a different place	560
Grandson: What do you mean, Grandd	ad?
Granddad: Well,there weren't as many cars,	
Grandson: ! I do think I'd have coped with that. Wh	
Granddad: All our friends lived nearby We didn't have the Internet	
Grandson: What about me? Granddad: Ha ha!	of
Read the sentences below. Insert the correct phrase from the box and corr any incorrect quantifiers.	ect
ised to have (x2) ased to earn - used to	eat:
a Ia little money, b	ut
b I few friends. Now have too many. I hardly have time t see them all.	
c  too much fatty	

food. Now I eat lots of salad, I'm

much healthier.

- d I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_too much free time. Nowadays, I don't have any. I never get a moment to myself.
- 6 Read the sentences below. Find the errors in the verb tenses and correct them.
  - 8 I was making two mistakes in the last quiz.
  - b Next week, I got up at 7:30 every morning.
  - C Please don't call around 6:00 tomorrow evening because we will visit our grandparents.
  - d He is living alone since his parents died.
  - Our daughter, who is 22 years old, hadn't graduated from school yet.

7	Comple	te sen	tence	s a-d	with	the	correct
	form of	the w	ords f	rom	the b	iox.	

calligraphy pottery craftsman artist exhibition traditional contemporary director

3	Arabicis a
	art which uses
	stylised writing.
	and in section 1911

b \_\_\_\_\_ for artists are held at Bayt Lothan and organised by the

c	make	items such
	as clay	., which is
	displayed at the centre.	

d	Although old artistic methods of	
art are often better respected, many		
	have adopted	
	styles with	
	interesting results.	



Read the book review below. What is the purpose of the other recommendations at the end?

### The Pearl by John Steinbeck

The Pearl (1947) was the 17th of 27 books published by the prolific American writer, John Steinbeck. Many of his most renowned books take place against a backdrop of real social situations in the American West of the 1930s, 40s and 50s. When Steinbeck won the Nobel Prize for literature towards the end of his life, in 1962, the awarding committee stated that Steinbeck was being honoured for his 'realistic and imaginative writing, combining as it

does sympathetic humour and keen social perception.'

The Pearl, however, is in some respects an atypical work. Although it is based on a real story that

Steinbeck actually heard in La Paz, Mexico (where the novella is set), the story is not told in an

especially realistic way. As Steinbeck himself wrote, the story he originally heard in La Paz was 'so

10 much like a parable that it almost can't be."

The Pearl tells of Kino, a poor Mexican fisherman who lives in a simple dwelling on the beach with his wife Juanita and his infant son Coyotito. One day, the baby is stung by a scorpion and Kino takes him to a doctor, who refuses to treat Coyotito because Kino has no money to pay for the treatment. Kino takes his canoe along the seashore, looking for a pearl valuable enough to pay for the

15 treatment that Coyotito needs. He is astonished to find the biggest and most perfect pearl he has ever seen. At the same time, Coyotito appears to recover somewhat. Kino and Juantia believe they are about to become rich, and begin to imagine a wonderful future for themselves and their baby son. However, news of their discovery travels fast, and many of their neighbours become envious and try to think of ways of taking the pearl from Kino, so as to become wealthy themselves. People try to cheat Kino, but he refuses to sell the pearl for a low price.

Kino is attacked, and his canoe and home are destroyed. He and his family have to flee. Coyotito becomes feverish again. Another group of men attack them to try to take away the pearl. Poor Coyotito dies. At last, Kino and Juantia realise that the pearl is not bringing them wealth or success, but is leading to endless trouble. So they return home and throw the pearl back into the sea from

25 where it came.

The Pearl is a moral story that teaches us that we should learn to be satisfied with what we have, instead of striving for wealth or power. Despite its lack of realism, the narrative is told with great tension, suspense and flair. The pearl comes to symbolise the lure of the material world, together with the fear and darkness that lie behind a materialistic view of life. Overall, the story is a wonderful illustration of the dangers and consequences of greed.

#### Other recommendations

If you enjoyed this story, you will probably also like some of Steinbeck's other books, such as Tartilla Flat (1935), Of Mice and Men (1937), East of Eden (1952). You might also enjoy Ernest Hemingway's The Old Man and the Sea (1952). If you develop an interest in Steinbeck's life, there is a good biography of him by Jay Parini (1996).

<b>2</b> a	What positive and negative descriptive words and phrases does the reviewer use to describe
	the book?

b How is the review structured?

6 Is the review generally positive, negative or mixed? Give examples.

should write 200-220 words.	
This is a book review of	by
This book is about	
***************************************	
***************************************	
The book is extremely enjoyable because	
***************************************	
However, it does have some problems. For example, .	
p	
	***************************************
3	
	***************************************
Overall, this book is	
***************************************	
If you enjoyed this book you may also like:	
***************************************	
	**********************************
***************************************	

3 Now, using the cues on the page, write your own review of a book you recently read. You

# Progress test 3

### Reading

Complete the article below with words from this list. Use each word only once.

but can from got has me my of so to used was

	City or Country?
th ne life 5 be ne pe qu	was born in the country, and for the first eighteen years of (1)
of (1	bviously, city life (8) its disadvantages, like the noise, the traffic and the crowds people, but these things don't worry (9) too much. I don't drive,  0) traffic problems and parking difficulties don't affect me. It only takes me ter inutes by taxi. I can get to the supermarket in a few minutes, whereas in the old days, in the ountry, a shopping trip (11) to take half a day.
	laybe I'll want to go back to the peace and quiet of the country one day, (12) for ow I'm enjoying the hustle and bustle of city life.
	ead the article again and answer these questions.
3	Where did the writer live as a child?
b	How far did he have to travel to go to school?
c	Why did he first move to the city?
d	How was his life different when he moved to the city?
e	What disadvantage of city life does the writer mention?
<b>3</b> d	hoose the correct answer from the article above.
3	The word that in line 8 refers to 1 everything moving more quickly. 2 the city. 3 the country.
b	The expression the hustle and bustle in the last line means 1 liveliness. 2 mess. 3 happiness.
Ċ	One can infer from the article that the writer  1 would prefer to live in the country for the rest of his / her life.  2 is satisfied with city life despite all its disadvantages.

3 finds the city to be the perfect place to live in.

ali	ngua	ige practice	b I was treated so poorly that I left in disgust.
re	porte	this conversation. Start each ed question with I asked, and ply with He said	C I could scarcely believe what was happening.
a	Q	What's your name?	
	A	(Sabeeh)	d I have never been so sure of something.
b	Q	Where do you live?	
	A	(city centre)	Answer these questions, starting with 'No,'. Follow the example.
C	Q	Where did you live before that?	a Did Waleed repair the computer himself?
	Α	(in the country)	b Did Hameed take his own tooth out?
d	Q	Did you enjoy living there?	Did Hameed take his own tooth out?
	Ā	(Yes / most of the time)	c Are they going to build their own house?
e	Q	Are you married?	d Did you put that TV aerial up yourself?
	A	(not yet / next month)	e Will you cut down those trees yourself?
Ť	A	What is your job?	f Did you clean the car?
	В	(teacher)	4 What would you say in the following
g	Α	Do you work in a school?	situations?
	В	(No, university)	You work at a shop and you are offering help to a customer.
h	Α	What subject do you teach?	b You want to ask when the next train leaves.
	В	(economics)	You're giving advice to your friend who looks tired from overwork.
- 30		e the following sentences in the d form.	d You need directions to the city centre.
a		rists seldom visit this old city.	in the field directions to the chy centre.

00	Hoose the Correct Words in these	Rewrite the following sentences inserting
se	intences.	one of the sports idioms below.
8	Before we can sell the flat, we'll have to do it up / do without it.	a It's up to you to decide whether to accept the job offer.
Ь	The students had to make of / make up a story for their homework.	The hall is in your court whether to access the lob offer.
C	If everyone banks online, they'll do away with / do without banks.	b If we practise every day, we will win the match very easily.
d	Are you happy with the decision you did / made?	***************************************
е	Was that bang / splash the sound of someone jumping into the swimming pool?	6 I'm so busy during the tourist season I can barely keep up with my work.
f	We usually do / make the shopping at	
g	the weekend. Let's turn the television off and have	d During the first week of your new job, just try to understand the new things.
0.50	some peace and bustle / quiet for a change.	
h	He said he didn't want to swim, but he changed his music / tune when he saw	He blamed me even though he broke the lamp. It's not fair!
i	the pool. People came from far and <i>long / wide</i> to	
	see the exhibition.	1 the ball is in your court
60	ne word in each of these conversations	2 keep my head above water
is	wrong. Underline it and write the	3 it's just not cricket
cc	orrect word at the end of the sentence.	4 blow the competition away
3	A What's that you're throwing out?	5 learn the ropes
375	B Oh, it's just some evens and ends.	8 Match the expressions are with their appropriate response 1-5.
b	A What do you enjoy most about city life?	8 What do you think is the cause of immigration?
	B I think it's probably the hustle	b Ahmed is absent today, isn't he?
	and whistle.	c In my opinion, the consequences of global warming will be fatal.
0		d Mum, I'm going to the library with
	B Yes, I've tried to do within it,	Faisal.
	but I can't.	e You look pale! Are you okay?
ď	A I'm fed up with all this noise.	1 Yes, he wasn't feeling very well this
	B Why don't you go next door and	morning.
	sit in piece?	2 I couldn't agree more.
	**************************************	3 Personally, I think it is caused by unemployment.
		4 Not really! I should see the doctor.
		5 It might be a good idea to put on your coat. It's cold outside.
		GOALO ON AND SECULO PRODUCTOR AND SECULO

## Promoting a tourist attraction

- Make a poster to promote a tourist attraction in Kuwait. Choose one of these places:
  - a historical town or city an interesting old building an area of natural beauty
  - a Describe the place you have chosen in 200-220 words.
  - b Draw a small map showing where the place is.
  - © Give information which will be useful for visitors, for example:
    - · how to get to the place
    - opening times
    - cost

1.	Look at the outcomes on page 55 of How did you find:	the St	udent's				-
	listening to a talk and a description? comparing and contrasting? inferring meaning? writing a biography? giving advice? writing a magazine article? reading a biography? reading an article about respecting your elders?						
2,	Was the reading in this module easy? difficult? interesting? not interesting? What was your favourite passage in this module?	5.	easy? L	d ere an	ifficult? y word	or so	s module unds that
3.	Was the listening in this module easy? difficult? difficult? not interesting? What was your favourite passage in this module?	6.	What c	did yo	u do w	ell in?	r Progress
4.	Was the writing in this module easy? difficult? What did you do to plan your writing? How can you improve?	7.	Was th	e gra		in this	module

10

#### MODULE 4: Achievements

## Pushing the limits



clamber, manned, set a record, submerged





Before you read the article about Steve Fossett, complete the chart below with your own ideas.

#### Record-breaking attempts

Pros	Cons
Amazina achievament	Extrawely dangerous

#### Steve Fossett - a record-breaker

In 2002, Steve Fossett became the first person to travel solo round the world in a hot air balloon. His balloon, The Spirit of Freedom, used a mixture of helium and hot air and was 42 metres tall by 18 metres wide. To keep it at a *constant altitude*, the balloon used a sophisticated autopilot system controlled by a computer.

- 5 Fossett commenced his journey in Western Australia, travelled east to South America, over the Southern Atlantic Ocean towards South Africa, then over the Indian Ocean to reach Australia. This record-breaking solo journey took 14 days, 19 hours and 50 minutes. Fossett only slept for four hours in every twenty-four hour period and never slept for more than 45 minutes at one time. He frequently had to leave his tiny cabin for the sub-zero exterior in order to check that the balloon's burners were working property. By the time he arrived in Australia, he had travelled 33,195.10 km and broken the world speed record for a manned balloon flight, achieving at one point a speed of 322.2 kmh. Steve Fossett was especially pleased with this successful round-the-world journey as it was his sixth attempt. His first attempt had been six years earlier, in 1996.
- One previous attempt, in August 1998, had almost ended in disaster when Fossett's balloon was sucked into a thunderstorm off Australia's Northeast coast. The capsule plummeted 30,000 feet into the sea but also caught fire, igniting the balloon's propone burners. Fossett managed to escape through a submerged hatch and clambered aboard his life raft. He was rescued by a boat 10 hours later.
- Steve Fossett held four other world records for non-stop journeys round the world as a sailor and as a solo air pilot. Before Steve Fossett's record attempts, no pilot held world records in more than one class of aircraft. Fossett held them in four. His other achievements include the Absolute Altitude Record for Gliders when he flew at 50,727 feet. For the attempt he and and his co-pilot wore full pressure suits. Before his death, Fossett had 25 succeeded in setting 116 records in five different sports. Fossett was declared legally dead on 14th February, 2008 just over five months after a plane he was flying crashed.

## 2 Read the article and choose the correct answer to the following questions:

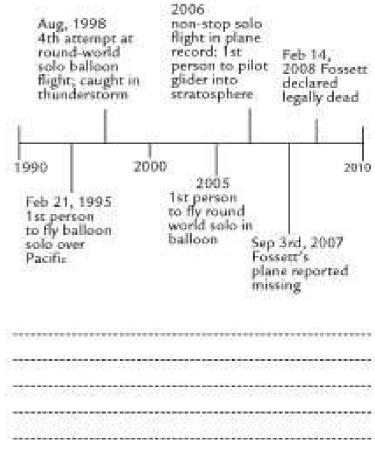
- Steve Fossett was declared legally dead in ...
  - 1 September, 2008.
  - 2 February, 2008.
  - 3 September, 2007.
  - 4 November, 2007.
- b Why did Fossett wear a full pressure suit during his Absolute Altitude Record for Gliders attempt?
  - 1 to cope with the psychological stress of the record attempt
  - 2 to cope with the reduction in atmosphere
  - 3 to show his sponsorship
  - 4 to keep warm
- c What is the main message of the text?
  - Steve Fossett escaped a downed halloon
  - 2 Steve Fossett died in a plane crash
  - 3 Steve Fossett set many impressive records
  - 4 Steve Fossett was a rich man

## 3 What do the following phrases taken from the article mean?

- a constant altitude
  - 1 unchanging temperature
  - 2 inconsistent prices
  - 3 sustained height
  - 4 perpetual motion
- b submerged hatch
  - 1 small door which is underwater.
  - 2 broken window
  - 3 propeller system
  - 4 aquatic incubation
- c clambered aboard
  - 1 to inflate something
    - 2 to jump from
    - 3 to get on or into something awkwardly
    - 4 a plank of wood covered in shellfish

4 Look at the timeline of Steve Fossett's records. What do you think are the most important dates? Summarise in full sentences.





## Over to you

5 Why do you think people push themselves to extreme limits?

## Language practice

Complete these sentences with the correct word. There are two extra words.

alight alive asleep burning similar sleeping

- The dark night was illuminated by the \_\_\_\_\_logs at the centre of the clearing.
- b He was exhausted and his eyelids looked heavy. Despite my best efforts, I couldn't stop him from
- E He's a very famous man and always seems to be wearing the same clothes. That's not true though; he just owns many ......things.
- d Police reports say that it was a freak accident and a marvel that every one involved was still \_\_\_\_\_\_\_
- Replace the underlined words with the correct form of the phrasal verbs from the box to make complete sentences. There is one extra phrasal verb.

come out get away come to an end come up against come forward come in handy come away come after

- The robber thought he had <u>escaped</u> unnoticed and was surprised to see the police <u>chasing</u> him.
- Despite the importance of the task, few people volunteered to help.
- © Don't throw that away. You never know; it might be useful someday.
- d The novel <u>was released</u> recently to critical success, despite the author <u>being faced with some problems whilst</u> writing.
- I'd had such a great time that I was really upset when my holiday <u>finished</u>.

the best part or moment the top of a mountain go up or climb full of danger and risk What would you say in the following situations? Write complete sentences. A friend wants to start an extreme sport. You think it is too dangerous. You are hiking and one of your companions falls and injures himself / herself.
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sport. You think it is too dangerous.  You are hiking and one of your companions falls and injures himself / herself.
companions falls and injures himself / herself.
You want to start an extreme sport but your parents don't think you should.
Complete the missing parts of the
dialogue with your own sentences. Make
sure the conversation makes sense.
A What are you doing this weekend?
В
A Wow, that sounds amazing, but isn't it dangerous?
В
A Ah, ok. Still, even if it's safe, I think I'd be scared.
You're right. Maybe I can come too?
В

Give one-word synonyms for the

			i	i	
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6 R	ead the following sentences. Are the	d He / strong man / lift
	iderlined verbs correct? Tick the correct	*************
se	ntences and rewrite the incorrect	
5.6	ntences.	<ul> <li>Computer / complex;</li> </ul>
3	Omar passed all his exams. He has been	it:
	revising for a month.	
		Cleanman assist
b	They finished making Reem's dress a	Past perfect simple and
	week before the wedding. They had	<ul> <li>The past perfect simple and</li> </ul>
	made it for over a month.	can be used to clarify which
		actions happened first, to tall
		that happened or were felt in
C	I went to the hospital to see Fahad.	<ul> <li>provide background to a pas</li> <li>To form the past perfect sim</li> </ul>
	He had been breaking his leg during a	past participle of the verb.
	football match.	He had looked everywhere
	***************************************	. To form the past perfect con
	***************************************	had been + main verb + ing
d.	Everyone enjoyed the family	Laura had been feeling sick
	celebrations. Amal had been making all	day.
	the food herself,	
		8 Choose the correct phra
		come to complete these s
e	I received a letter from Tahini yesterday.  She had been promising to write since	C management to a construction
	last year.	■ When my brother can
		after his operation, he
		b Why don't you come a
		after school? We coul
	sing the cues, write sentences using	
314	ch that or so that.	afternoon the sun can
.0:	Parachuting / dangerous sport / scared	NW in the second
	to try	d I've lost my watch. Ca know if you come acro
	Paracheting is such a designress sport that	
	resultant seated to try tt.	Since I bought my nev price has come down /
b	1 / scared / couldn't move	50%. I should have wa
	***************************************	
C	Her room / mess / not find anything	

0	Computer / complex / can't understand it
e:	
b or h	ast perfect simple and continuous ast perfect simple and continuous e used to clarify which of two past as happened first, to talk about things appened or were felt in the past, or to de background to a past event. In the past perfect simple use had + the participle of the verb.
foi l b	nanticiple of the verb.  ad looked everywhere for his coat.  In the past perfect continuous use  neen + main verb + ing  had been feeling sick for most of the
ioi la	ad looked everywhere for his coat. rm the past perfect continuous use neen + main verb + ing
for the real	ad looked everywhere for his coat.  In the past perfect continuous use  I ween + main verb + ing  I had been feeling sick for most of the
ioi le	ad looked everywhere for his coat.  In the past perfect continuous use  I een + main verb + ing  I had been feeling sick for most of the  I had been feeling sick for most of the  I had been feeling sick for most of the  When my brother came round / came up
ion ion	ad looked everywhere for his coat. In the past perfect continuous use the een + main verb + ing had been feeling sick for most of the the to complete these sentences.  When my brother came round / came up after his operation, he felt fine.  Why don't you come across / come over
for the state of t	ad looked everywhere for his coat. In the past perfect continuous use theen + main verb + ing had been feeling sick for most of the theen feeling sick for most of the the to complete these sentences.  When my brother came round / came up after his operation, he felt fine.  Why don't you come across / come over after school? We could go to the park.  It was cloudy all morning, but in the afternoon the sun came across / came out.





a	Is Dave Stokes upset about his injuries? What advice does he give?
b	Can you think of any other ways to stay safe whilst doing extreme sports?

Interviewer: Hi everyone, and welcome to another edition of XTreme Sports Weekly.

Today, we're interviewing extreme sports enthusiast Dave Stokes from his hospital bed. Hi Dave, and thank you for agreeing to do this interview.

Dave: No problem.

Interviewer: Well, I guess the question everyone wants to ask is: how did you do this to

yourself?

Dave: I was climbing in the Alps with a friend but unfortunately I slipped and fell.

Although I didn't fall too far, I landed badly and broke my leg and wrist.

Interviewer: Ouch, that sounds painful!

Dave: Yes, it was, really. But it's part of the territory when you're into extreme

sports.

Interviewer: What do you mean?

Dave: Well, all of the activities I love, such as snowboarding, parachuting and

mountain climbing, have an element of danger to them. You always run the

risk of getting hurt, or worse.

Interviewer: Will this injury make you reconsider your chosen sport?

Dave: No, definitely not. It'll take me a while to recover but, as soon as I'm fit and

able, I'll be back on the mountain. I may be just a little bit wiser, though.

Interviewer: In what way?

Dave: I think I'll be more safety-conscious in the future, possibly take fewer risks

and spend more time preparing.

Interviewer: Can you give our viewers any advice about the dangers of extreme sports?

Dave: Sure. Firstly, make sure you are prepared. You'll always run the risk of

injury, so always take a medical kit and a mobile phone with you. Secondly,

tell people where you are going in case anything bad happens. Most importantly, don't push yourself till you're ready. I've seen lots of people hurt because they've tried something that's much too difficult for them.

Interviewer: Thanks a lot for talking to us, Dave. I hope you recover soon.

Dave: Thanks. I'm sure I'll be scaling mountains again in no time.

M	ake a note of the following.
ð	Phrases used to make suggestions
b	Informal words and phrases
vier:	
sp	rite your own interview about the dangers of extreme sports. It could be with an extreme orts enthusiast, an injured sportsperson or a worried safety expert.
•	Decide what dangers the interviewee will mention.
•	Suggest two or three ways to stay safe.
•	Use a similar style to the interview on page 74.
•3	Write about 200-220 words.
	•

11

#### MODULE 4: Achievements

## The final frontier



approximately, dispatch, obscure, perceivable, scrutinise

## Reading



Before reading the article about Venus, answer the following questions.

- 8 Venus is called 'the morning star' or 'the evening star'. What would you call the Earth?
- b Do you think that someday human beings will be able to live on the planet Venus? Why or why not?

## The Morning Star

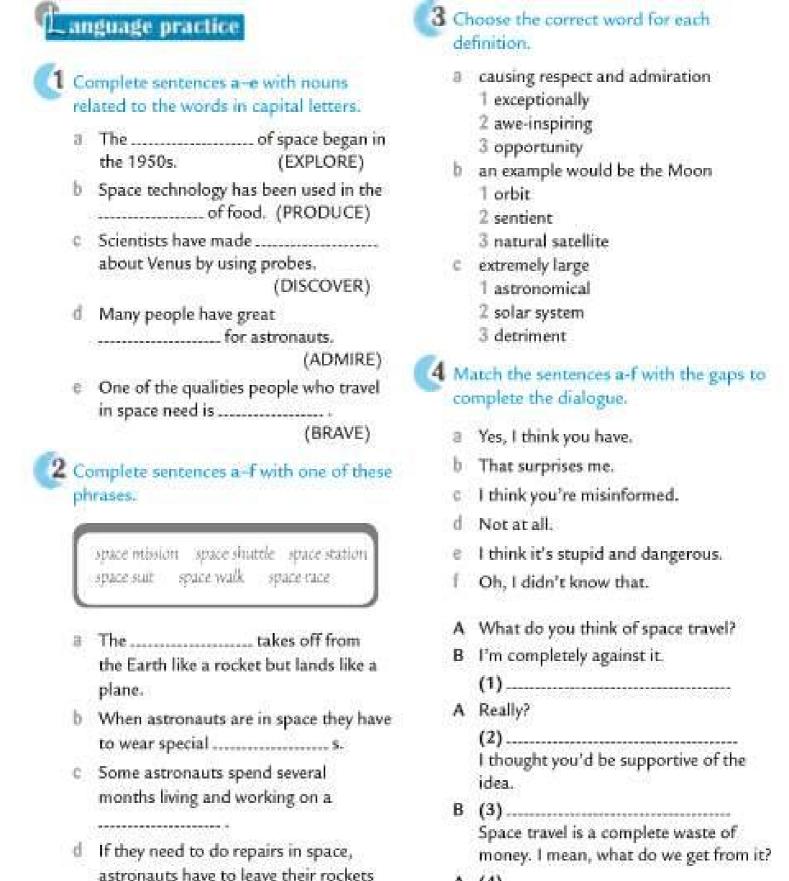
- A Venus is the brightest object in the sky with the exception of the Sun and the Moon. However, it is only perceivable from the Earth three hours before sunrise and three hours after sunset. For this reason
- 5 people have given Venus the epithets 'the morning star' and 'the evening star'. It is the second planet from the Sun.



- B Because the surface of the planet is completely obscured by clouds, it is very difficult for scientists to study Venus from the Earth, so the vast majority of
- our information about this planet comes from spacecraft. The first flight to investigate Venus was by Mariner 2, which the Americans launched in 1962. The most significant information comes from probes, which the spacecraft dispatches to scrutinise the surface of the planet. A probe is a small spacecraft that documents information and transmits it back to Earth. The Russians have
- 45 also sent spacecraft and probes to Venus.
- C Some people contend that Venus is the Earth's sister planet because there are many similarities between the two. They are comparable in size and are approximately the same age. However, there is also much contrast between Venus and the Earth. Venus is devoid of oceans and has a very heavy
  - atmosphere, 96.5% of which is composed of carbon dioxide. Because the atmosphere is so heavy, Venus has an extremely high surface temperature (459 °C). A Venusian day is equal to 243 Earth days. This is longer than its year, which is equivalent to 225 Earth days.
    - D On June 8, 2004, Venus passed between the Sun and the Earth.
      - 25 People witnessed a large black spot moving across the Sun. The previous time this occurred was in 1882.

	ead the article and choose the correct swer.		)? Jus	tify your answ		
31	The article The Morning Star is  1 scientific.  2 fiction.	a	10000000	Venus.	closer to the S	""
b	3 non-fiction, It is difficult for scientists to study Venus because	b	Venu	ıs is visible fo	r 6 hours every	day.
	it is too far away.     it is obscured by clouds.     it is not always perceivable.	С	1000	Russians laur ion to Venus	iched the first in 1962,	
c	The pronoun which in line 12 refers to 1 probes. 2 the spacecraft, 3 the information.	d		is is much lar much older.	ger than the Ea	rth
đ	A week on Venus is 1 longer than that on Earth. 2 shorter than that on Earth.	e		ntists use prol y of Venus ea	bes to make the sier.	
8	3 equal to that on Earth.  Venus will possibly pass between the  Sun and the Earth in the  1 2050s. 2 2080s.	f			t atmosphere \ perature of 459	
De	3 2120s.	g	Venu		brightest objec	t iii
	ay use a dictionary or the glossary at		0.000000			50,000,000
	e end of your Student's Book.	50	amiale	te the follow	ing table with	ela e
a.	investigate				on from the art	
b	similarity	Parag	raph	Main idea	Supporting is	leas
c	document (v)	-	_			
d	atmosphere					
e	comparable					
f	epithet					
80	devoid	0				
			lo y	*****	st space touris	m?

Why?



There are lots of inventions that were

inspired by space travel.

harshly.

(5) .....

A (6).....

Maybe I've judged space travel too

and do a \_\_\_\_\_\_

explore the galaxy.

e A.....is a journey into

space for a particular purpose.

The ..... is the name given

to the competition between nations to

# The massessment

## Grammarassistani

#### Passive with modal verbs

- To change a sentence that includes one or two modal verbs from the active to the passive, we add the verb to be in its correct form before the main verb.
- The main verb may also change: The children could leave their books here. The hooks could be left here. The man should have cleaned the room. The room should have been cleaned.
- 5 Change passive sentences into active sentences and vice versa.
  - People have given Venus the epithets 'the morning star' and 'the evening star."

The epitheta the morning star and the exeming star, have been given to Venus.

- b The Russians have also sent spacecraft. and probes to Venus.
- This report from the meeting can be typed up next week.
- The news from Kuwait has to be delivered today.

6 Join the sentences together using the words in brackets.

a I thought the TV programme about space was dramatic. I thought the TV programme about space was fascinating. (both)

.....

I am not curious about space travel. I am not curious about deep-sea diving. (neither / nor)

	C	You can't do both. (either / or)
	d	There were three crew members on the International Space Station. They weren't wearing spacesuits. (none)
7	Po-	
•		ad the following sentences and check nether the verbs are in the correct
		ises. Tick correct sentences and rewrite
		orrect ones.
	а	On holiday next week, I will have sailed in the Bahamas with my family.
	b	By next month, I will have finished my exams.
	c	If I finish this meal, I will be eating too much.
	d	I can't come out later. I will have done homework.
8		t the verbs in brackets into the correct
		That morning I went to the market

- - ...... (finish) my as soon as 1. breakfast.
  - b Please ..... (meet) me at the museum this afternoon.
  - I can't talk to you now because I .....(do) my homework.
  - d 1\_\_\_\_\_(look) for my key when the door suddenly burst open.
  - I hope I .....(go) to university next year, when I have finished my schooling.



### Read these notes for a presentation about life in space.

## Life In Space

- · Space is not just a huge adventure.
- · Much time is spent on surviving and mundane tasks.
- · Scientists make inventions to help.
- · Machines remove carbon dioxide, making breathable atmosphere.
- · No shower. Use ethanol cloths and shampoo that doesn't need water or make foam.
- · Food in containers, water added to make edible.
- Drinks in sealed containers; drink through straw.
- · Astronauts exercise two hours a day; muscles / bones weaken in low gravity.
- · All help clean / maintain equipment, etc.
- 2 Can you think of any other activities that astronauts could do in their free time in space?

  b Can you think of any inventions that would help astronauts in space?

  Look at the scientific notes again. Using them as a basis, turn the notes into full sentences. Add full sentences about your own ideas.

3 Write an essay discussing one of the themes below.

Space exploration is important / a waste of time and money.

Space tourism is exciting / boring.

Star gazing tells us a lot about our universe / nothing about ourselves.

You should argue for one side of the argument but acknowledge both potential positions. Whilst some may think space exploration is a pointless waste of money, I believe that it is vital for the advancement of the human race. I believe this because ...

는 있는 1980 1980 전 1980 전 1일 전 1980 및 1명 1880 전 1980 전 1
Answers should be 200-220 words.
***************************************
***************************************
***************************************
***************************************
***************************************
***************************************
***************************************
***************************************

# 12

#### MODULE 4: Achievements

## Geniuses



acquire, attire, deputy, electrochemical, forum, medallist, reactor, sewage, sponsor, unprecedented

## Reading



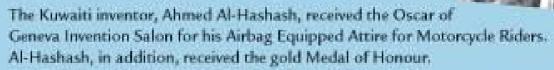
1 Read this article and then fill in the chart with the necessary information.

Inventor	Invention
	100-000 (COVID
4	

#### Kuwaiti inventors return from award ceremony in Geneva

Director of the Kuwait Foundation for the Advancement of Science (KFAS), Ali Al-Shamlan, applauded on Monday the achievement of the Kuwaiti inventors at Geneva's International Fair for Inventions. He said their winning the Oscar of the Fair

5 was a historic and unprecedented achievement for Kuwait.



A second Kuwaiti inventor, Sadeq Ahmed Al-Qassem, received a gold medal for his Light
10 Indicator System (LIS), which alerts drivers as to exactly how close they are to other
drivers ahead of them.

Deputy Chairman of the Science Club of Kuwait, Eyad Jassem Al-Kharafi, praised the achievement of Kuwaiti scientists in the Geneva Invention Salon and noted that this achievement was the result of encouraging young people in Kuwait to be creative. He

- 15 noted that the recipient of the Oscar and gold medallist were sponsored since the age of 10 by the Kuwaiti Science Club, and acquired their skills through years of training there. Al-Kharafi thanked the Kuwait Foundation for the Advancement of Science for its support of Kuwaiti inventors participating in the Geneva Salon of Inventors.
- In addition to the two inventions, Kuwait presented a third invention for Kuwaiti
  20 inventor Abdullah Al-Yateem, made up of an electrochemical reactor which could make
  use of sewage water to produce electrical energy.

The 33rd Geneva Invention Salon is a leading invention forum where 42 countries sent 1,000 inventors to display their inventions this year.

By Imad Al-Askar KUWAIT, April 11 (KUNA)

	Choose the correct ending to the	4 Complete these sentences with one word
	following sentence beginnings.	from the article.
334	Ali Al-Shamlan believed that the achievements of the Kuwaiti inventors were	Al-Hashash received the gold Medal of     for his invention.     Al-Kharafi the Kuwaiti
	1 unremarkable. 2 groundbreaking.	inventors' achievement in the Geneva. Salon of Inventors.
	3 expected.	<ul> <li>Al-Kharafi believes that this event</li> </ul>
	Ali Al-Shamlan said that winning the Oscar of the Fair is	encourages the of young people in Kuwait.
	I an achievement that has never been attained before.	d The Kuwait Science Club has the inventors who
	2 a great achievement.	won the Oscar and the gold medal since
	3 an achievement that will never be attained again.	they were very young.   Al-Kharafi appreciated the
918	The pronoun which in line 10 refers to 1 the Light Indicator System.	provided to Kuwaiti inventors in the
	2 the medal.	Geneva Salon of Inventors.
	3 the inventor.	f Abdullah Al-Yateem invented an
10	The pronoun where in line 22 refers to	reactor which could
	1 Geneva.	produce electric energy out of sewage
	2 Geneva Invention Salon.	water.
	3 42 countries.	5 Make a summary of the article on page
	Are these statements True (T) or False	82. Try to avoid unnecessary details.
	(F)? Justify your answers.	
	Eyad Jassem Al-Kharafi is the chairman of the Science Club of Kuwait.	
	of the Belefice Club of Kawaki.	
	The Light Indicator System prevents car accidents.	
10	Abdullah Al Vasaan latar Indianas	*************
	Abdullah Al-Yateem intended to use sewage water to produce electric	
	energy.	
10	Kuwaiti inventors were supported in their participation in the Geneva Salon of Inventors by Al-Kharafi.	Over to you
		In which discipline would you wish to be a genius?

## Language practice

- Complete the gaps in these texts with words related to the words in capitals.
- Choose the correct preposition in the following conversation.
  - A Weren't you present (1) (in / at) the Conference of Science Geniuses?
  - B Of course I was, but I was sitting (2) (in / at) the front row, so I couldn't see any (3) (of / from) our classmates.
  - A I was really impressed (4) (of / with) the big number of geniuses we have (5) (from / in) our country!
  - B Yeah! Did you see that man who could work out the multiplication (6) (for / of) two eight-digit numbers (7) (in / with) a matter of seconds?
  - A l'almost couldn't believe it, and the numbers were chosen (8) (by / of) a computer.
  - B And do you remember that woman who said that she wasn't very satisfied (9) (about / with) being a genius? I thought she was very

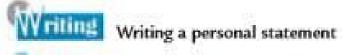
- ungrateful (10) (against / for) the talent she had been given.
- A No, I think she's quite right
  (11) (with / in) what she said. I
  mean it is definitely very stressful
  to live (12) (under / over) the
  pressure (13) (from / of) everyone
  expecting the best (14) (with / from)
  you.
- B Well, I still think she was a bit too outspoken. After all, this isn't what the conference was (15) (around / about).
- 3 Complete the following text with words from the box. You may not use all the words and some may need to be made plural.

master appeal researcher arbitrarily gifted genius ability prodigy precocious extravagantly

4 /43

	is a child who is	
exceptionally	good at something. Prodig	gies
	), but not	
	nay be (3)	
	fted because some of then	1
THE CONTRACT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY.	cial (4) who	
they become		
Some (5)	believe that a	
prodigious ta	lent is not innate and does	Torr
	5) Rather,	
environment	plays the dominant role, m	any
	ous ways. For example, Las	
Polgar set out	t to raise his children to be	
chess players,	and all three of his daugh	ters
went on to (7	) the game	even.
and become v	vorld class players, showin	g
that (8)	can be develope	d
through suita	ble training.	

	© A 38-year-old Swede set a unicyc speed record for 100m. He comp the distance in 12.11 seconds.			
If you don't have enough general knowledge, you won't make it to the	3	me distance in 12.11 seconds.		
end of the contest. (Ose amess.)	7	n December 1998, a young British man broke the record for the most books balanced on the head. To do this,		
Our school library is very rich in valuable books. So is the public library. (Use as)	9	ne used skills he had developed as a builder:		
I have tried several methods to prevent this student's failure, but all have been in vain. (Report what the teacher explained.)		He actually succeeded in carrying 62 books. The books weighed 98.4 kg.		
		at would you say in the following ations?		
The researchers have proved some interesting theories concerning human genes. (Change into the passive voice.)		You meet an old friend whom you naven't seen for a long time.		
	ь	You're amazed with your friend's musical talent.		
An Indian man correctly calculated the square root of a six-digit number. He took 1 minute 3.8 seconds.  An Indian man correctly calculated the square root of a six-digit number, taking 1 minute 3.8.  pseconds.		fou are apologising to the teacher for being late; your dad's car had a flat yre.		
An American holds the world record for sending a text message. He typed		You are suggesting to your friend that you study together.		
a text of 160 letters on his mobile phone in less than a		You buy a watch from a shop; it turns out to be faulty.		
	knowledge, you won't make it to the end of the contest. (Use unless.)  Our school library is very rich in valuable books. So is the public library. (Use as as)  I have tried several methods to prevent this student's failure, but all have been in vain. (Report what the teacher explained.)  The researchers have proved some interesting theories concerning human genes. (Change into the passive voice.)  write the following as single sentences, sing a verb in the -ing form.  An Indian man correctly calculated the square root of a six-digit number. He took 1 minute 3.8 seconds.  An Indian man attractly saleulated the square root of a six-digit number, faking I minute 3.1 assends.  An American holds the world record for sending a text message. He typed a text of 160 letters on his mobile	Structions in brackets.  If you don't have enough general knowledge, you won't make it to the end of the contest. (Use unless.)  Our school library is very rich in valuable books. So is the public library. (Use as as)  I have tried several methods to prevent this student's failure, but all have been in vain. (Report what the teacher explained.)  The researchers have proved some interesting theories concerning human genes. (Change into the passive voice.)  bewrite the following as single sentences, sing a verb in the -ing form.  An Indian man correctly calculated the square root of a six-digit number. He took 1 minute 3.8 seconds.  An Indian man correctly saleviated the square root of a six-digit number. He took 1 minute 3.8 seconds.  An Indian man correctly saleviated fine square root of a six-digit number. He took 1 minute 3.8 seconds.  An American holds the world record for sending a text message. He typed a text of 160 letters on his mobile		



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-	_
	-

Imagine you are applying to a university. Here's an application form for you to fill in with your personal details.

Please complete all sections of this form.   Full year (Oct - June)	Failure to do so may delay your application.
Autumn term (Oct – Dec)	
Spring term (Jan – June)	
First name	Surname
Gender	
Male □ Female □	
Permanent address	***************************************
Date of birth	Citizenship
E-mail	
Home address	
Telephone number	Mobile number
Name of parent / next of kin (specify which)	Contact details of parent / next of kin
Degree applied for  Course title	Course term
Personal statement attached	
Yes 🗆 No 🗆	
Signature of applicant	Date

ademic ca	form you have just completed. You may wish to include comments on your reer, your future hopes and plans, your main interests and activities and your main interests.
	vishing to study at that particular university.
ur person	al statement should be 200-220 words long.
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2 Write a personal statement for the university you have applied to, to accompany the

# Progress test 4

## Reading

Complete the article below with words from this list. Use each word only once.

at be by had in not on than the them to were

	The final challenge	
th To ye	ntil 1953, nobody (1) climbed Mount Everest, the highest mountain world. Then in 1953, the British mountaineer Edmund Hillary and the Nepalese guenzing Norgay succeeded (2) reaching the summit. In the next thirty ears there were other Everest 'firsts', including the first solo climb, and the first climb as woman.	ide
th pe	Il these people had taken bottles of oxygen (4)	f
cl (8 (8 13 cl a)	Then Messner and Habeler started planning to climb Everest without oxygen, other imbers called (7) foolish. They warned that the oxygen levels (3)	first
lo to to	t these very high altitudes, with little oxygen in the air, everything the men did took minger (11) normal. Every few metres, they fell down exhausted and he rest. Eventually, at about 2 p.m. (12) May 8th 1978, Messner and labeler became the first men to reach the summit of Everest without oxygen.	
2 R	ead the article again. Are these statements True (T) or False (F)? Justify your ans	vers.
31	The first woman climbed Everest before 1953.	L
b	Until the mid-1970s all mountaineers had used oxygen when they were climbing,	
£	Other climbers advised Messner and Habeler not to risk climbing Everest without oxygen.	Ė
3 4	nswer the following questions:	10000
9	What was Messner and Habeler's first achievement in mountain climbing?	
b	How many times did they try to climb Everest?	
	Why did it take Messner and Habeler a lot of time to reach the summit?	



## 1 Choose the correct verb to complete these sentences.

- Before Hillary and Tenzing succeeded in 1953, people had tried / had been trying to reach the summit of Everest for many years.
- b Before Messner and Habeler, no one had attempted / had been attempting to climb Everest without oxygen.
- Messner and Habeler ignored the warnings that other climbers had given / had been giving them.
- d In May 1978 Messner and Habeler had already made / had already been making two unsuccessful attempts to reach the summit.
- @ Just before they reached the summit they had fallen down / had been falling down every few metres.
- Three years earlier they had successfully climbed / had successfully been climbing Gasherbrum without oxygen.

2	Complete these	conversations u	ising the correc	t form of the v	erbs in b	rackets. V	Thoose the
	best tense and de	ecide whether t	to use the activi	or the passiw	E.		

2	A	How is your car after the accident?
	В	Well, it still goes all right, but it's badly scratched. It (have to / repaint).
	Α	How about the other car?
	В	Unfortunately, it was so badly damaged it (could / not repair).
b	Α	(you / fill in) the application form for that job yet?
	В	Yes, I did it yesterday.
	Α	Don't forget, it (have to / post) before next Tuesday.
c	Α	Why do these photos look so terrible?
	В	Because you (take) them facing the sun. Photos (should / always take) with the sun behind you.
d	Α	Were you expecting a letter?
	В	Yes, but it (could / send) to the wrong address.
e	Α	Have you played this new computer game?
	В	I would like to, but my computer is too old. It (have to / upgrade).
f	Α	Why did that driver not slow down?
	В	He's crazy. He (must / seen) the signs.

3	Rewrite the following as single sentences, using a verb in the -ing form.
- 8	Ali trained hard for the competition. He ran 3000 metres every evening for 6 months.
ŀ	
0	As a result he became slimmer and fitter. He lost 10 kg while he was training.
(	He managed to get plenty of rest. He slept for eight hours every night.
116	On the day of the race he felt very confident. He got up at six o'clock in the morning.
1	Unfortunately he was second in the race. He came in 0.5 of a second behind the winner.
4	Complete these sentences with words formed from the words in capitals.
8	My brother is a very basketball player. (TALENT) His greatest strength is his to change direction quickly. (ABLE)
1	
110	- No. (1977) - 1977 - 1978 - 1978 - 1978 - 1979 - 1979 - 1979 - 1979 - 1979 - 1979 - 1979 - 1979 - 1979 - 1979
6	(HISTORY)
1	She's very at drawing and painting. (SKILL)
1	Write an essay in answer to the question below. Write 200–220 words. What do you think about people who risk their lives climbing mountains?
F	follow this paragraph plan.
-	Introduce the topic of mountaineering.
	Give some different opinions about mountaineering: the ideas of mountaineers themselves and of non-mountaineers.
- 2	Describe your own theory as to why people risk their lives climbing mountains.
4	I End by giving your own opinions on the subject.

Progress test 4

# Literature time!

Henry V	Episode Iwo
Look at the title. What do you think the play is about? Why do you think Shakespeare is telling this story?	Did the Dauphin and the King of France have the same attitude towards King Henry? What did they disagree about?
	Episode three
Lpisode One  1 What is the reason King Henry gives for waging war on France?	What was keeping the French party's hope of winning the war alive?
	G
What did the French try to do in order to avoid war? Did they succeed?	How many casualties did the English suffer? Why?
	2 Why did the French consider the
	English irresponsible?

Episo	de Five	Short story analysis
	ow did Henry decide to observe his oldiers? Why?	What is the main theme of the text? What are the underlying themes?
123		
300		
1000 1244		
3		
di	ccording to King Henry, what is the ifference between a king and a ommon man?	Why do you think this play continues to be read although it is over 400 years old?
500 E		
-		***************************************
1000		
A	re the following statements True (T) r False (F)? Justify your answers.	3 Imagine a different ending to the story
1	The English were disadvantaged at the	
	Battle of Agincourt.	
2	King Henry was dissatisfied with his	
	soldiers and did not really trust them.	
	·····	
3	The French lost the war.	
4	Henry gave the credit for his victory to	= 30 to 3000 Test 100,500 CO (15 of 1900 CO
	his father.	
:5	Henry's most important request was to	
	marry Katherine.	***************************************
1,80	The two parties did not agree and war	***************************************
- 4.5	broke out again.	
	-70) Fileschild - 100	

Great Expectations		3 guilty for stealing from Joe and Mrs Gargery.		
1	lefore Reading	4 gl	ad to see soldiers.	
C	Read the title. What do you think the story will be about?	the	you think Pip was right to help man on the marshes? Why or y not?	
C	2 Do you know anything about the author, Charles Dickens?	14/30/000		
		Episod	e Two	
		pai	y do you think Miss Havisham d for Pip's apprenticeship? Is Pip teful for this gift?	
			***************************************	
	pisode One	*****		
	Choose the most appropriate ending to each sentence.			
a	Pip's sister is 1 kind and gentle.	Episodo	Three	
	2 married to Mr Pumblechook.  3 tough on Pip and Joe.  4 attentive and fair.	fou	w does Pip feel about his new- nd wealth? Do you think Miss visham is really his benefactor?	
lle:	The first convict is	10000	***************************************	
	1 shocked to learn the second convict has escaped.			
	2 happy that the second convict has escaped.	7,000		
	3 escaping from the second convict. 4 afraid of the second convict.	2 WH	y does Pip treat Joe so badly? so do you think is to blame?	
C	Pip feels			
	1 happy to help the convict.	Connec		
	2 angry with his sister.	****	************************************	
		5222		

E	isode Four	Episode six
Ci	For what reasons does Pip feel remorse? Do you think his feelings are genuine?	How does Magwitch react to being caught? Why?
2	Why is it dangerous for Magwitch to remain in England? Can you think of any ways in which he could protect himself?	Why do you think Joe left so soon after helping Pip?
		What do you think Pip has learnt from his experiences? Justify your answers.
U	isade five	
	Are the following statements True (T) or False (F)? Justify your answers.	
3	It wasn't long until Herbert came back from his travels.	Short story analysis
b	Compeyson was a well-respected gentleman.	What do you think is the most important event in the story? Why?
C	Magwitch was tricked by Compeyson.	
d	Wernmick warned Pip that people were searching for Herbert.	In episode 4 you learnt that Magwitch lived in the New World for several years and made his fortune. Write a
e	Pip wanted to get Magwich out of England as soon as possible.	brief paragraph about what you think happened to him in this time.
		***************************************
		***************************************

## Self-assessment answer key

#### Module 1: page 7, exercise 8

- A have you been doing
  - B 've passed / had or have been having
- b A Have you ever done B have just carried out / was
- A have you ever broken
  B threw / happened / have never been

### Module 1: page 19, exercise 6

- a impolitely
- b skilfully
- c gently / peacefully
- d spectacularly / dangerously
- e rapidly / professionally
- f compassionately / regularly

### Module 2: page 34, exercise 3

- I wish you'd stop wasting paper.
- b I wish she (my sister) wouldn't / didn't spend so long talking on the phone.
- I wish I wasn't so shy about speaking in public.
- d I wish / She wishes she hadn't wasted so much time on computer games.
- I wish newspapers and magazines didn't contain so many adverts.
- I wish I had listened to my teacher.

## Module 2: page 40, exercise 2

- a on
- b for / from
- c in / on
- d of

### Module 3: page 51, exercise 7

- a do without
- b made up
- c do up
- d make up for
- e do away with

## Module 3: page 63, exercise 7

- a calligraphy / traditional
- b Exhibitions / director
- c Craftsmen / pottery
- d artists / contemporary

### Module 4: page 73, exercise 8

- a came round
- b come over
- c came out
- d come across
- e come down

### Module 4: page 79, exercise 8

- had finished / finished
- b meet
- c am doing
- d was looking / had been looking
- e will go / can go

OVER TO YOU Grade 12 is a part of the English for Kniwait senes, a carefully graded course in English specifically written and designed for the Kniwait school system for primary, intermediate and secondary grades.

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OVER TO YOU adopts an integrated approach to language tracking

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- the CD with all the leasurement with the

